Inclusionary Practices Technical Assistance Network (IPTN)

Improving Student Outcomes through Inclusive Instructional Leadership







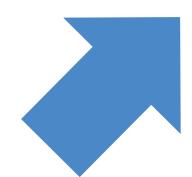
Envisioning a Network of Support





Inclusionary Practices

Technical Assistance Network







Our Partnership Network is Always Expanding!





Washington State's Journey Toward Inclusion



In 2018, Washington state ranked 44 out of 50 states for K-12 inclusive practices¹.

To support more inclusive schools, the State Legislature funded a multi-year, inclusionary practices initiative to support professional development for inclusionary practices. Least Restrictive Environment (LRE): 80 to 100% in general education²

	2018 Baseline	2023 Data
Statewide	56.6%	65.1%
100 Pilot Districts	44.2%	64.0%



As of 2023, schools in Washington state have reported a 9-point increase in inclusive practices (80-100% of the school day) statewide, with a 20-point increase in 100 inclusionary practices pilot districts. This means that, since 2018, nearly 22,000 K-12 students with disabilities across Washington state have shifted into the highest tier of inclusion!



80+ years of research: Placement in general education improves outcomes for students with disabilities!

Carlberg & Kavale (1980)

50 research studies from 1932 – 1970

Wang & Baker (1985)

Meta-analysis from 1975 – 1984 Oh-Young & Filler (2015)

Research studies from 1980 - 2013 Theobald, et al. (2018)

WA Study on **CTE & Outcomes**

Inclusive practices have also been shown to have positive or neutral results for students without disabilities.

Ruijs & Peetsma (2009)

Positive/neutral effects

Szumski, et al. (2017)

Benefits for all students

Shogren, et al. (2015)

SEL benefits



Cause for Both Celebration & Reflection



Which student groups are experiencing these opportunities?

And... which groups are not (yet)?

- Black students with disabilities have been and continue to be segregated and disciplined at higher rates than <u>all</u> other groups.
- Students with intellectual, developmental, and behavioral disabilities continue to be segregated for all or most of the school day.
- Over 2/3 of preschool students with disabilities are served in segregated early childhood settings.

Inclusionary Practices Impact



Level of Inclusion	Data Group	2018 Baseline	2022 Update	2023 Update	Change from Baseline
LRE 1	Statewide	56.6%	63.4%	65.1%	+ 8.5
(80-100% general ed)	IP Pilot Districts (n=100)	44.2%	61.9%	64.0%	+ 19.8
LRE 2 (40-79% general ed)	Statewide	29.2%	23.7%	22.6%	- 6.6
	IP Pilot Districts (n=100)	46.2%	25%	23.3%	- 22.9
LRE 3 (0-39% general ed)	Statewide	12.8%	11.4%	10.8%	- 2.0
	IP Pilot Districts (n=100)	11.7%	11.8%	11.3%	- 0.4

Source: OSPI. (2024). Least Restrictive Environment (LRE) and Child Count Data.

Inclusionary Practices Impact - Disaggregated



Least Restrictive Environment (LRE)	Data Group	2018 Baseline	2022 Data	2023 Data	Change from Baseline
general education settings for 80-100% of the school day	Inclusionary Practices Pilot Districts (n=100)	44.2%	61.9%	64.0%	+19.8
	All Students with Disabilities	56.6%	63.4%	65.1%	+8.5
	Black Students with Disabilities	49.6%	51.7%	52.6%	+3.0

Source: OSPI. (2024). *DRAFT November Child Count and LRE Report*.

State Special Education Snapshot



	All PreK-12 Students	Students with Disabilities	Black Students with Disabilities
2023-24 PreK-12 Student Enrollment	1,098,997	160,019	9,189
2023-24 PreK Inclusion (LRE Indicator 6A)	N/A	33.2%	31.6%
2023-24 K-12 LRE, 80-100% general ed	N/A	65.1%	52.6%
2022 Graduation	82.3%	65.3%	56.8%
2022 Drop-out	10.1%	15.2%	19.4%
2021-22 Post-School Outcomes	N/A	72.9%	74.3%

Sources: OSPI. (2024). State Report Card; DRAFT November Child Count and LRE Report; Data Performance Profile.

2022 Washington School Improvement (WSIF) Data



Support Identification Categories	Number of Schools Identified for Supports	Identified Schools Whose Students with Disabilities Are Performing Below Threshold		
Grand Total	986	916	92.9%	
Support Tier 1	478	470	98.3%	
Support Tier 2	82	82	100%	
Support Tier 3	426	364	85.4%	



- Students are referred for special education to receive additional supports and accommodations.
- OSPI monitors disproportionality to measure and analyze adult decisions about students, across shared identities race and ability.
- Adult decisions can harm students when actions are not culturally affirming and do not address the root cause(s) of student need.



Defining Disproportionality in Special Education

- Students with disabilities in Washington are more likely to be male, from communities of color, and experiencing poverty.¹
- States are federally required to evaluate and address districtlevel disproportionality in special education related to the **identification**, **placement**, and **discipline** of students with IEPs, by race/ethnicity.
- Disproportionality is a risk ratio a measure of how likely students from a specific racial/ethnic group will be identified, segregated, or disciplined, compared with all other students.

¹Theobald, R. J., Goldhaber, D. D., Gratz, T. M., & Holden, K. L. (2019). Career and Technical Education, Inclusion, and Postsecondary Outcomes for Students With Learning Disabilities, 52(2), 109–119. https://doi.org/10.1177/0022219418775121



IPTN Aim Statement



The IPTN will provide high -quality guidance, technical assistance, and professional development resources to disrupt segregated systems of disproportionality and reduce exclusionary practices in WA schools.

These collective efforts will result in improved student outcomes, with an additional focus on the outcomes and the inclusion of students currently in self -contained settings (LRE 3) and for Black students with disabilities.



Conceptual Framework



Our goal is to reduce exclusionary practices in WA schools by doing away with segregated systems of disproportionality.

The IPTN will create an MTSS leveraged network that improves student outcomes by providing high quality guidance and tiered technical assistance.

Our commitment is to collaborate to improve outcomes for all students, with a focus on students currently in LRE 3 and Black students with disabilities.

- Increased access to inclusive core instruction.
- Fewer students in separate self-contained settings.



Mapping IPTN Efforts

AIM Statement - IPTN

The IPTN will provide highquality guidance, technical assistance, and professional development resources to districts to disrupt segregated systems of disproportionality and reduce exclusionary practices in WA schools.

Key Outcomes

This will result in improved student outcomes, with an additional focus on the outcomes and the inclusion of students currently in LRE 3 and for Black students with disabilities.







Shared Ownership
Across the System



Community of Practice



Community of Practice



Community of Practice

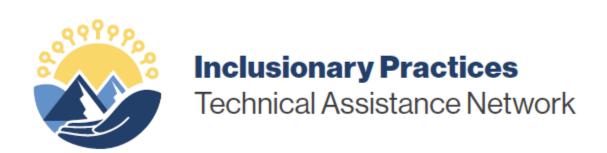


Community of Practice



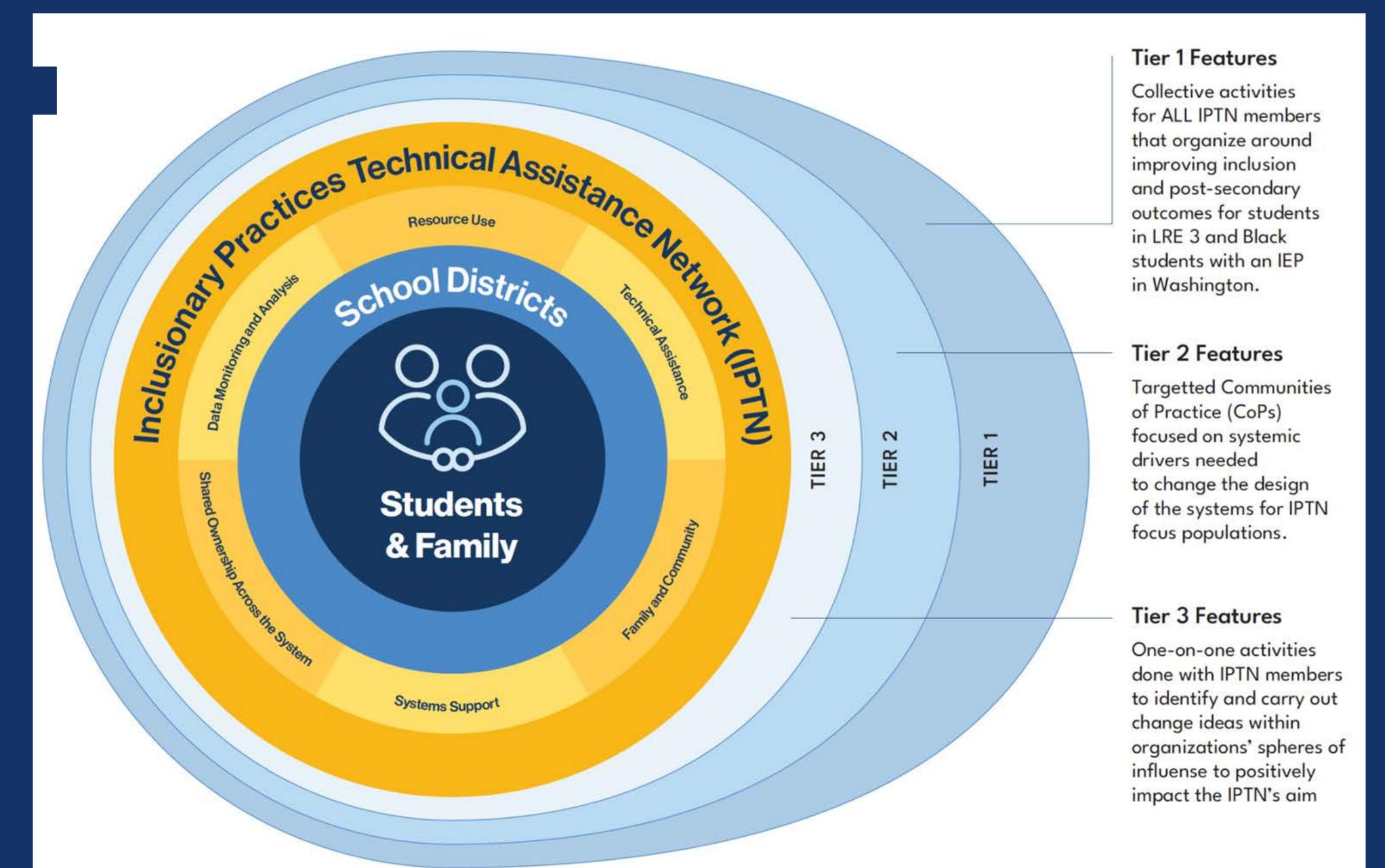
Community of Practice





Supports for Students, Families, Schools & Districts





Technical Assistance Supports for IPTN Partners



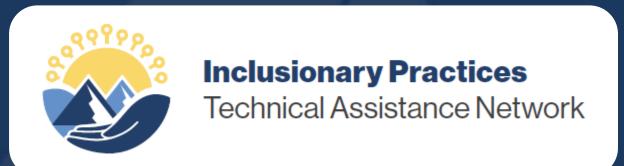
The IPTN will leverage an integrated, tiered system of support to build system capacity to meet the network aims.

Intensive TA: 1-on-1 support for key, provider-specific areas of focus related to the IPTN aim.

<u>Targeted TA</u>: Forming Communities of Practice (CoP) around primary drivers related to the aim of the IPTN.

<u>Universal TA</u>: Meetings with all TA providers to engage in network co-construction; root cause identification; and reporting on progress.





Join Us! (or Reach Out to Learn More!)

http://www.k12.wa.us/IPTN iptn@k12.wa.us