Educational Technology

Public Health

Anchor Papers

Grades K-2

Assessment



Introduction

This Anchor Set provides educators with student exemplars for the grades K-2 Public Health Educational Technology assessment. We selected each sample to model the range of scoring for this assessment. There are two components that make up the scoring guide for educational technology— **Attributes of Educational Technology Standards (checklist)** and the **Scoring Rubric for Educational Technology**.

Attributes of Educational Technology Standards. Teachers will use the *attributes* checklist first to determine the number of **attribute points** the student work can earn. The checklist presents a list of characteristics that should be present in student work which meets the standard. The **GLE**s targeted by the assessment are listed in the left column.

Each attribute name, such as *Gather Information*, is derived directly from the standards (*Gather information using selected digital resources*). Each attribute has one or more **descriptions** which detail what an at-standard performance looks like (*Uses teacher-selected digital sources to identify information related directly to the student task*.).

This is different from a typical rubric, which describes various levels of performance. With the checklist, the teacher has only to decide whether or not the work is at standard. If the teacher determines that the work is at standard, then it earns the number of points indicated in the right-hand column. The teacher totals the points.

Scoring Rubric for Educational Technology. In the final step, the teacher uses the total number of points earned in the *attributes* checklist to determine the overall level of performance for the assessment. Student work earning no more than six attribute points would represent a below standard (Level 1) performance. Seven to eight points meets the standard (Level 2), while student work that earns nine or ten points exceeds the standard (Level 3).

Discussion

We understand that that this type of scoring may be new for many teachers; however, there are several compelling reasons why the assessment development group selected this tool over a traditional rubric.

First, many of the educational technology standards represent skills. As such, a student can demonstrate the skill or they cannot—there is no "better or worse than." It did not make sense to scale the point scoring for the attributes, and the assessment development group decided not to quantify performance in terms of the number of times a student could demonstrate the skill. This is also why there are three performance levels instead of four.

A checklist format that describes the *attributes* is an efficient tool for teachers. There is only one decision involved for each attribute—is the work at standard?—instead of several decisions about quality. The tool also allows for cleaner scoring as the teacher need only consider **one attribute at a time**. This is unlike many rubrics, which have multiple attributes within a single cell. A student's work might reach various targets within a column or row, so the teacher must synthesize the score. With the *attributes* checklist and *scoring rubric* tool we provide for the educational technology standards, teachers will be able score consistently across student work.

Directions: Each of the *attribute names* below represents part of an educational technology standard. These are followed by *descriptions* of student performance which meet the standard. If the student work provides evidence of meeting the standard, it earns the *points* shown in the final column. Total the points and then compare to the *Scoring Rubric* to determine the overall level of performance.

We use the term *digital* to refer to tools and information that do not exist in a physical form. Computer software, Web sites, online databases, pod/vodcasts and pages from an eReader are just a few examples.

CLE		Description	Daimta
GLE	Attribute Name	<u> </u>	Points
Scor	Score the attributes for GLEs 1.2.1 and 1.3.2 for artifacts related to the research process.		ess only.
1.2.1	Communicates with Others	Communicates ideas from class activities and teacher- selected sources by contributing to digital class notes. For example, WallWisher, Word, or a mind map	1
	Collaborates to Learn	Takes turns in group discussion or activities.	1
	Gather Information	Uses teacher-selected digital sources to identify information related directly to the student task.	1
1.3.2	Organize Information	Develops individual notes from sources.	1
		Inputs data, with assistance, into a class graph using a digital tool.	1
Score the attributes for GLE 1.3.3 for the multimedia product only.			
	Identify a	States the problem (why Paul is sick) based on sources or notes.	1
	Solution	States a solution (how Paul can stay healthy at school) based on sources or notes.	1
1.3.3	Amalyzas	Describes how the solution will solve the problem based on sources or notes.	1
	Analyzes Information	Uses the graph to analyze the problem. For example, "less people got sick because more people started to stay home."	1
	Share Learning	Creates a multimedia product.	1
TOTA	L	<u> </u>	10

Scoring Rubric for Educational Technology

Performance Description	Points
A Level 3 response exceeds the standards and reflects that a student can demonstrate knowledge and ability beyond the requirements for Educational Technology GLEs 1.2.1, 1.3.2, and 1.3.3.	9 - 10
A Level 2 response meets the standards and reflects that a student understands and is able to perform GLE 1.2.1 Communicate and collaborate to learn with others, GLE 1.3.2 Locate and organize information from a variety of sources, and GLE 1.3.3 Analyze, synthesize and ethically use information to develop a solution, make informed decisions and report results BY using technology to create a letter or voicemail which explains why Paul is sick and what he can do to keep healthy at school.	7 - 8
A Level 1 response reflects that a student is still working toward meeting GLEs 1.2.1, 1.3.2, and 1.3.3.	0-6

Directions: Each of the *attribute names* below represents part of an educational technology standard. These are followed by *descriptions* of student performance which meet the standard. If the student work provides evidence of meeting the standard, it earns the *points* shown in the final column. Total the points and then compare to the *Scoring Rubric* to determine the overall level of performance.

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	Attributes of Educational Technology Standards				
GLE	Attribute	Description	Points	Points	
	Name		Possible	Earned	
Sco	e the attributes fo	r GLEs 1.2.1 and 1.3.2 for artifacts related to the rese	arch proces	s only.	
		Communicates ideas from class activities and			
	Communicates	teacher-selected sources by contributing to digital	1	0	
1.2.1	with Others	class notes.	1	U	
1,4,1		For example, WallWisher, Word, or a mind map			
	Collaborates to	Takes turns in group discussion or activities.	1	1	
	Learn		1	1	
	Gather	Uses teacher-selected digital sources to identify	1	0	
	Information	information related directly to the student task.	1	U	
1.3.2	Organize	Develops individual notes from sources.	1	0	
	Information	Inputs data, with assistance, into a class graph	1	1	
	Information	using a digital tool.	1	1	
Score the attributes for GLE 1.3.3 for the multimedia product only.					
		States the problem (why Paul is sick) based on	1	0	
	Identify a	sources or notes.	1	U	
	Solution	States a solution (how Paul can stay healthy at	1	0	
		school) based on sources or notes.	1	U	
1.3.3		Describes how the solution will solve the problem	1	0	
1.3.3	Analyzes	based on sources or notes.	1	0	
	Information	Uses the graph to analyze the problem.			
	Information	For example, "less people got sick because more	1	0	
		people started to stay home."			
	Share Learning	Creates a multimedia product.	1	1	
TOTAL 10		3			
A Level 1 response $(0-6 \text{ points})$ reflects that a student is still working toward		L1			
meeting GLEs 1.2.1, 1.3.2, and 1.3.3.			LI		

Α1

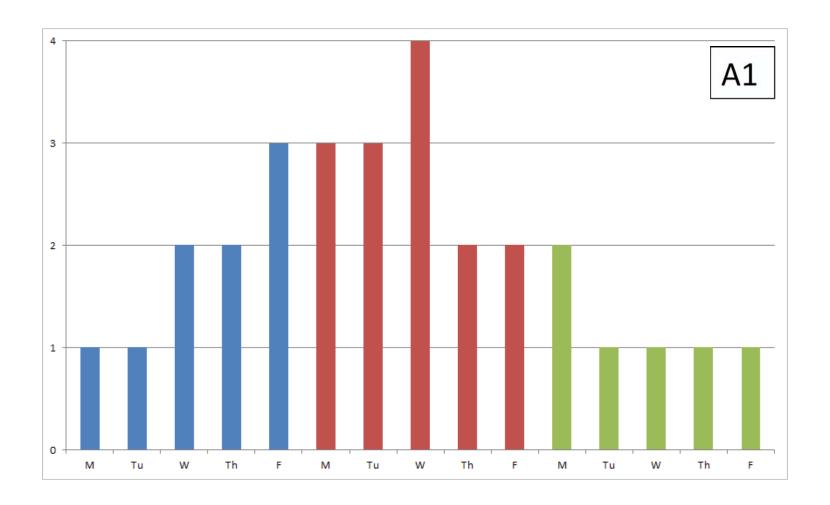
Sources Used in Class

Video:

■ The Sneeze: How Germs are Spread (http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rYnz2bv56LU)

Trade Book:

The Mysterious You Achoo! by Trudee Romanek (http://www.amazon.com/Achoo-Interesting-Youll-About-Mysterious/dp/1553374517/ref=sr_1_1?ie=UTF8&qid=1305741850&sr=8-1)



A1

Grades K - 2 Public Health Assessment for Educational Technology

Discussion

This student work shows a beginning level of understanding with the collaborative use of digital resources and tools to communicate content knowledge. The work represents a Level One attempt to meet the educational technology standards. The sample earns two attribute points for the contributions to class work and one point for individual final product.

Although no specific documentation was supplied by the teacher to support the "Collaborates to Learn" attribute, we have assumed that every student participated in the development of the class graph. The student does create a multimedia product; however, only the following information is supplied: *He...um...He gotted sick by coughing on his hand. Medicine.* Although the student attempts to state a reason about why Paul was sick ("coughing on his hand"), the reason is not correct or based on sources. Although the solution of taking medicine could be credited, there is no evidence that the student intended "Medicine" as a solution.

This student could benefit from additional support in using the sources and activities completed in class to develop notes and ideas for the final product.

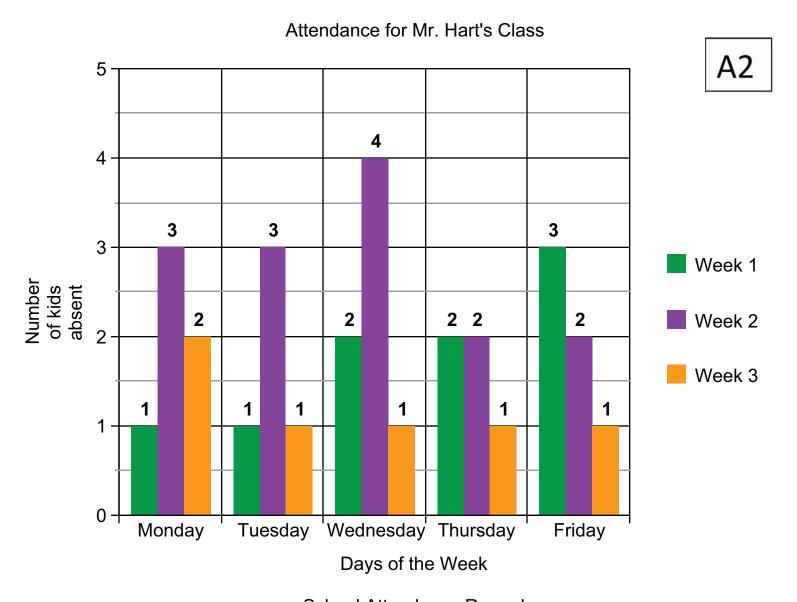
Click the icon below to hear the audio for this student sample.



Directions: Each of the *attribute names* below represents part of an educational technology standard. These are followed by *descriptions* of student performance which meet the standard. If the student work provides evidence of meeting the standard, it earns the *points* shown in the final column. Total the points and then compare to the *Scoring Rubric* to determine the overall level of performance.

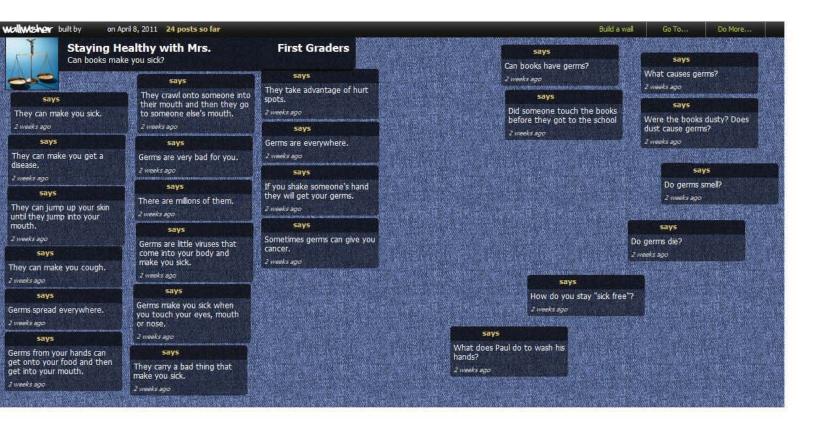
We use the term *digital* to refer to tools and information that do not exist in a physical form. Computer software, Web sites, online databases, pod/vodcasts and pages from an eReader are just a few examples.

Attributes of Educational Technology Standards				
GLE	Attribute	Description	Points	Points
	Name		Possible	Earned
Scor	e the attributes fo	r GLEs 1.2.1 and 1.3.2 for artifacts related to the rese	arch proces	ss only.
		Communicates ideas from class activities and		
	Communicates	teacher-selected sources by contributing to digital	1	1
1.2.1	with Others	class notes.	1	1
1.2.1		For example, WallWisher, Word, or a mind map		
	Collaborates to	Takes turns in group discussion or activities.	1	1
	Learn		1	1
	Gather	Uses teacher-selected digital sources to identify	1	1
	Information	information related directly to the student task.	1	1
1.3.2	Organize	Develops individual notes from sources.	1	1
	Information	Inputs data, with assistance, into a class graph	1	1
		using a digital tool.	1	1
Score the attributes for GLE 1.3.3 for the multimedia product only.				
	Identify a Solution	States the problem (why Paul is sick) based on	1	0
		sources or notes.	1	U
		States a solution (how Paul can stay healthy at	1	0
		school) based on sources or notes.	1	U
1.3.3		Describes how the solution will solve the problem	1	0
1.5.5	Analyzes	based on sources or notes.	1	U
	Information	Uses the graph to analyze the problem.		
	Information	For example, "less people got sick because more	1	0
		people started to stay home."		
	Share Learning	Creates a multimedia product.	1	1
TOTAL 10		6		
A Lev	el 1 response (0 -	- 6 points) reflects that a student is still working towar	rd	Т 1
meeting GLEs 1.2.1, 1.3.2, and 1.3.3.			L1	



School Attendance Record





What happens if you get a cold or a flu?

- You get sick
- You cough and sneeze
- Germs get into your mouth, nose, ears, or a cut in your skin
- Germs are attacking your white blood cells

What should you do when you have a cold or flu?

- Stay in bed
- Go to the doctor
- Eat healthy
- Wash your hands with soap and warm water
- Take medicine, it's a "power up" for your cells (ask grownup)
- Stay home
- Cover your cough or sneeze
- Don't go outside

How can you keep a cold or flu from spreading?

- Cover your mouth when you cough or sneeze
- Exercise
- Eat healthy
- Stay home
- Don't touch other people if you are sick
- Wash your hands with soap and warm water before you eat
- Take vitamins



Colds and Flu Notebook

Name

1. What happens if you get a cold or the flu? Vivus Your body fight back symptom a changne in Ithe body

2. What should you do when you have a cold

or the flu? Get a lot of rest eat soup take unaterialot, take mediane

3. How can you help keep a cold or flu from spreading?

one person wash your hans with it spread from curer to another person

Hello, Mrs. Go	arcia,		
This is _ From	Elementary S	School,	
I am calling to	pecause Fick		
We think Pau the ne touched them bad	was sick bed before	they book	probably horse
Paul can stay Not to		chool by	ple grams

Thank you



Discussion

In this sample of student work, we have evidence that the student participated and used information from class activities to develop notes about the problem posed by the assessment. However, the student does not use these notes to create the final product. Therefore, the work earns all of the attribute points for GLEs 1.2.1 and 1.3.2, but only the "Creates a multimedia product" point for GLE 1.3.3.

This student would benefit from some support in using notes to develop the multimedia product. There are several strengths with the content and its organization, as well as the use of the recording tool. The work almost meets the standard.

Transcription of Student Work

Cold and Flu Notebook:

- 1. What happens if you get a cold or the flu? Fever a rise in temperature of the body. Coughing. Virus. Your body fights back. Symptoms change in the body.
- 2. What should you do when you have a cold or the flu? Get a lot of rest. Eat soup. Take water a lot. Take medicine each day.
- 3. How can you keep a cold or flu from spreading? You should not stay here home. No contagious. Mucus. Cover. Wash your hands with soap. It spreads from one person to another.

Notes:

Hello Mrs. Garcia, This is — from — Elementary School. I am calling because Paul is sick. We think Paul was sick because the new books were probably touched before they brought them so the books were bad. Paul can stay healthy at school by not touching people so they have no germs. Thank you.

Audio:

Hi. I'm calling because Paul is sick. Um, his book is here and if you have any questions just come if you just get your book if you just want it here. Bye.

Click the icon below to hear the audio for this student sample.



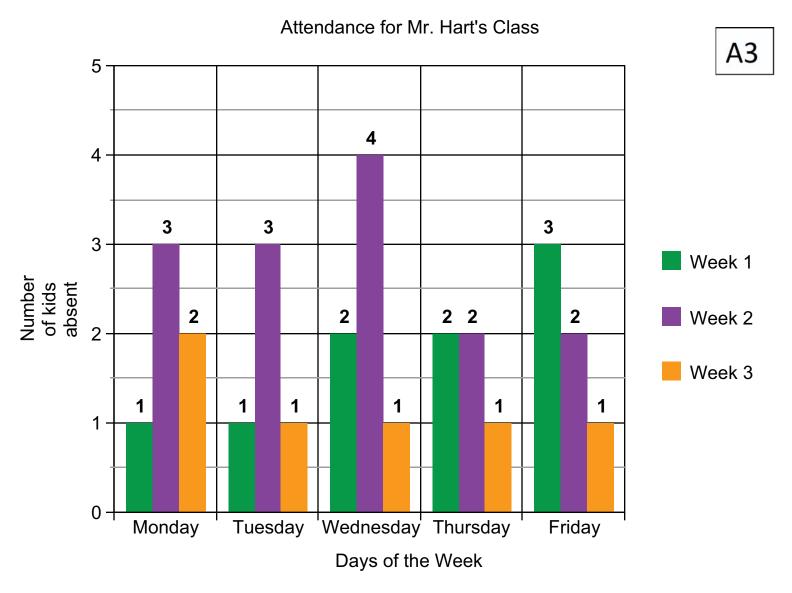
A3

Grades K - 2 Public Health Assessment for Educational Technology

Directions: Each of the *attribute names* below represents part of an educational technology standard. These are followed by *descriptions* of student performance which meet the standard. If the student work provides evidence of meeting the standard, it earns the *points* shown in the final column. Total the points and then compare to the *Scoring Rubric* to determine the overall level of performance.

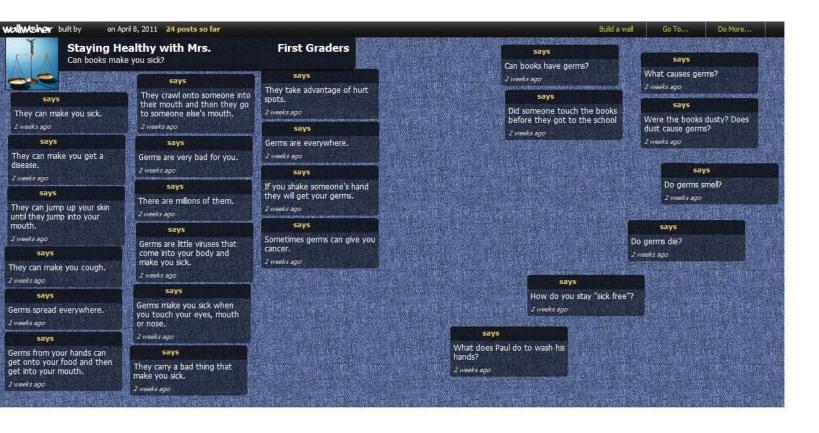
We use the term *digital* to refer to tools and information that do not exist in a physical form. Computer software, Web sites, online databases, pod/vodcasts and pages from an eReader are just a few examples.

GLE	Attribute	Description	Points	Points
GLE	Name	Description	Points	
- C				Earned
Scor	e the attributes to	r GLEs 1.2.1 and 1.3.2 for artifacts related to the rese	arch proces	s only.
1.2.1	Communicates with Others	Communicates ideas from class activities and teacher-selected sources by contributing to digital class notes. For example, WallWisher, Word, or a mind map	1	1
	Collaborates to Learn	Takes turns in group discussion or activities.	1	1
	Gather Information	Uses teacher-selected digital sources to identify information related directly to the student task.	1	1
1.3.2	Onconiza	Develops individual notes from sources.	1	1
	Organize Information	Inputs data, with assistance, into a class graph using a digital tool.	1	1
Score the attributes for GLE 1.3.3 for the multimedia product only.				
	Identify a	States the problem (why Paul is sick) based on sources or notes.	1	1
	Solution	States a solution (how Paul can stay healthy at school) based on sources or notes.	1	0
1.3.3	Amalyzas	Describes how the solution will solve the problem based on sources or notes.	1	0
	Analyzes Information	Uses the graph to analyze the problem. For example, "less people got sick because more people started to stay home."	1	0
	Share Learning	Creates a multimedia product.	1	1
TOTA	AL		10	7
unders with of GLE 1 make i	stands and is able thers, GLE 1.3.2 It3.3 Analyze, syntinformed decision and which explain	8 points) meets the standards and reflects that a stude to perform GLE 1.2.1 Communicate and collaborate and organize information from a variety of southesize and ethically use information to develop a solute and report results BY using technology to create a law why Paul is sick and what he can do to keep healthy	to learn urces, and ution, etter or	L2



School Attendance Record





What happens if you get a cold or a flu?

- You get sick
- You cough and sneeze
- Germs get into your mouth, nose, ears, or a cut in your skin
- Germs are attacking your white blood cells

What should you do when you have a cold or flu?

- Stay in bed
- Go to the doctor
- Eat healthy
- Wash your hands with soap and warm water
- Take medicine, it's a "power up" for your cells (ask grownup)
- Stay home
- Cover your cough or sneeze
- Don't go outside

How can you keep a cold or flu from spreading?

- Cover your mouth when you cough or sneeze
- Exercise
- Eat healthy
- Stay home
- Don't touch other people if you are sick
- Wash your hands with soap and warm water before you eat
- Take vitamins



Colds and Flu Notebook

•		
Name		

1. What happens if you get a cold or the flu?

Youke body
Fites bak. you Virus.

Fites bak. Sneesing fever

2. What should you do when you have a cold

or the flu? Get a lot of rest arink medicinglater eat soup

3. How can you help keep a cold or flu from spreading?

MUCas

COVER your nose

and moth

wash hand with

and warm waterSoap

Hello, Mrs. Garcia,
This is From Elementary School,
I am calling because I thik know why Pual was Sicki
We think Paul was sick because
of the new books
And mayben is eys were
itchee and he rubed
his eys.
Paul can stay healthy at school by COVER hIS MOUTH Where he coughs or sneeses.

Thank you

Discussion

This student work meets the standards for Educational Technology. The student contributes to the classroom notes and graph, as well as develops his/her own synthesis of the information. In addition, the student creates a multimedia product which identifies why Paul is sick ("got germs"). The work does not earn a point for identifying a solution because "covering his mouth when he coughs or sneezes" would keep others healthy at school.

Although the student does pull one piece of information from his notes (covering the mouth), s/he does not use the notes developed by the class. The teacher should encourage the student to review and use all of the sources available.

Transcription of Student Work

Cold and Flu Notebook:

- 1. What happens if you get a cold or the flu? Your body fights back. You get a virus. Sneezing. Fever.
- 2. What should you do when you have a cold or the flu? Get a lot of rest. Drink water. Medicine. Eat soup.
- 3. How can you keep a cold or flu from spreading? Mucus. Cover your nose and mouth. Wash hands with warm water soap.

Notes:

Hello Mrs. Garcia, This is — from — Elementary School. I am calling because I think I know why Paul is sick. We think Paul was sick because of the new books. And maybe his eyes were itchy and he rubbed his eyes. Paul can stay healthy at school by covering his mouth when he coughs or sneezes. Thank you.

Audio:

Um, I think I know why Paul was sick. Um, I think that he was, um, I think that he was sick because of the new books and maybe he touched them a little and he and his eyes were itchy and maybe that got germs and he got sick maybe. And he can stay healthy by covering his mouth when he coughs or sneezes.

Click the icon below to hear the audio for this student sample.



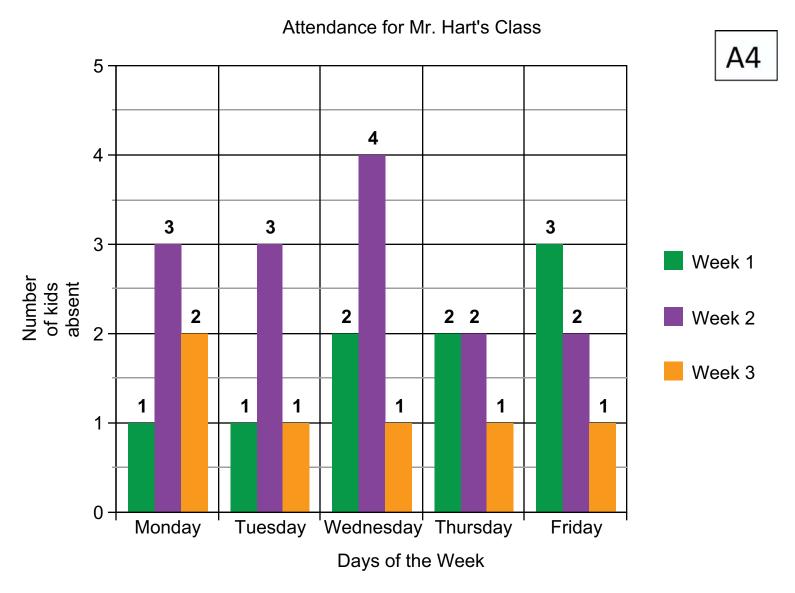
A4

Grades K - 2 Public Health Assessment for Educational Technology

Directions: Each of the *attribute names* below represents part of an educational technology standard. These are followed by *descriptions* of student performance which meet the standard. If the student work provides evidence of meeting the standard, it earns the *points* shown in the final column. Total the points and then compare to the *Scoring Rubric* to determine the overall level of performance.

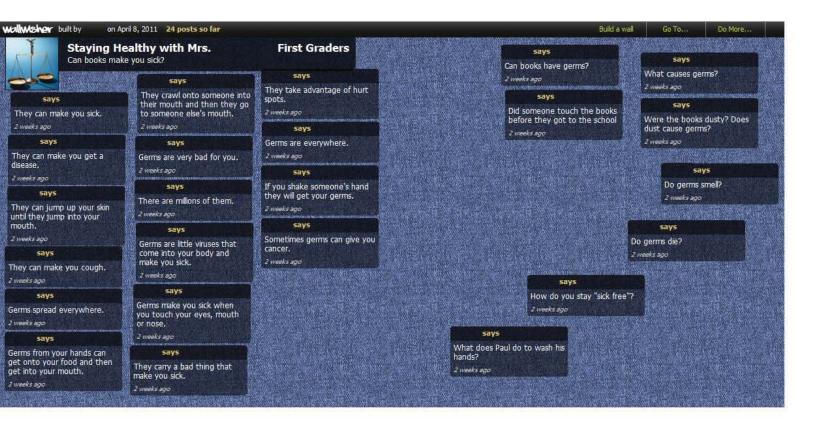
We use the term *digital* to refer to tools and information that do not exist in a physical form. Computer software, Web sites, online databases, pod/vodcasts and pages from an eReader are just a few examples.

GLE	Attribute	Description Description	Points	Points
GLE	Name	Description	Points Possible	
- C				Earned
Scor	e the attributes to	r GLEs 1.2.1 and 1.3.2 for artifacts related to the reservations.	arch proces	s only.
1.2.1	Communicates with Others	Communicates ideas from class activities and teacher-selected sources by contributing to digital class notes. For example, WallWisher, Word, or a mind map	1	1
	Collaborates to Learn	Takes turns in group discussion or activities.	1	1
	Gather Information	Uses teacher-selected digital sources to identify information related directly to the student task.	1	1
1.3.2	Onconiza	Develops individual notes from sources.	1	1
	Organize Information	Inputs data, with assistance, into a class graph using a digital tool.	1	1
Score the attributes for GLE 1.3.3 for the multimedia product only.				
	Identify a	States the problem (why Paul is sick) based on sources or notes.	1	1
	Solution	States a solution (how Paul can stay healthy at school) based on sources or notes.	1	1
1.3.3	Analyzas	Describes how the solution will solve the problem based on sources or notes.	1	0
	Analyzes Information	Uses the graph to analyze the problem. For example, "less people got sick because more people started to stay home."	1	0
	Share Learning	Creates a multimedia product.	1	1
TOTA	AL		10	8
unders with of GLE 1 make i	stands and is able thers, GLE 1.3.2 It3.3 Analyze, syntinformed decision and which explain	8 points) meets the standards and reflects that a stude to perform GLE 1.2.1 Communicate and collaborate and collaborate and organize information from a variety of southesize and ethically use information to develop a solute and report results BY using technology to create a law why Paul is sick and what he can do to keep healthy	to learn arces, and ation, etter or	L2



School Attendance Record





What happens if you get a cold or a flu?

- You get sick
- You cough and sneeze
- Germs get into your mouth, nose, ears, or a cut in your skin
- Germs are attacking your white blood cells

What should you do when you have a cold or flu?

- Stay in bed
- Go to the doctor
- Eat healthy
- Wash your hands with soap and warm water
- Take medicine, it's a "power up" for your cells (ask grownup)
- Stay home
- Cover your cough or sneeze
- Don't go outside

How can you keep a cold or flu from spreading?

- Cover your mouth when you cough or sneeze
- Exercise
- Eat healthy
- Stay home
- Don't touch other people if you are sick
- Wash your hands with soap and warm water before you eat
- Take vitamins



Colds and Flu Notebook

Name _____

1. What happens if you get a cold or the flu?

a virus, your book fights germs, symptom makes you tierd, or coping, fever symptom

fever is good

2. What should you do when you have a cold or the flu?

get a lot of rest in grinck lots of water,

get a lot of rest a Pata cover your moth.

3. How can you help keep a cold or flu from spreading?

it gers you contagrows,

Wash your hands with soap and warm

Water, stax home

Hello, Mrs. Garcia,
This is From Vinland Elementary School,
I am calling because
We think Paul was sick because ht yas playing with kias that had ger as put it wwatt The books
Paul can stay healthy at school by EXPLOSEING YOUR hards

Thank you

Discussion

Sample A4 represents work that meets the standards for Educational Technology. The sample earns all of the attribute points for the research process represented by GLEs 1.2.1 and 1.3.2. The development of a multimedia product earns an additional point, as does the identification of what made Paul sick ("playing with kids that had germs") and a solution ("exercising, washing your hands with soap"), both of which can be found in the student notes.

This work could be improved by encouraging the student for an explanation of why the solution would solve the problem. For example, "washing your hands with soap would remove the germs." The student also needs support to help s/he include information from the graph.

Transcript of Student Work

Cold and Flu Notebook:

- 1. What happens if you get a cold or the flu? A virus. Your body fights germs. Symptoms make you tired or coughing. Fever symptom. Fever is good.
- 2. What should you do when you have a cold or the flu? Get a lot of rest. Drink lots of water. Cover your mouth. Eat.
- 3. How can you keep a cold or flu from spreading? It gets you contagious. Cover your mouth. Wash your hands with soap and warm water. Stay home.

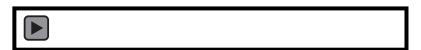
Notes:

Hello Mrs. Garcia, This is — from — Elementary School. I am calling because Paul is sick. We think Paul was sick because he was playing with kids that had germs, but it wasn't the books. Paul can stay healthy at school by exercising. Washing your hands. Thank you.

Audio:

Hello Mrs. Garcia, This is — from — Elementary. I am calling because Paul is sick. We think Paul was sick because he was playing with kids that had germs, but it wasn't the books. Paul can stay healthy at school by exercising, washing your hands with soap, and that's kind of it. So I think we might be keeping the the books in the library. Beep!

Click the icon below to hear the audio for this student sample.



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	Communicates	teacher-selected sources by contributing to digital	1	0
1.2.1	with Others	class notes.	1	U
1,4,1		For example, WallWisher, Word, or a mind map		
	Collaborates to	Takes turns in group discussion or activities.	1	1
	Learn		1	1
	Gather	Uses teacher-selected digital sources to identify	1	1
	Information	information related directly to the student task.	1	1
1.3.2	Onconina	Develops individual notes from sources.	1	1
	Organize	Inputs data, with assistance, into a class graph	1	1
	Information	using a digital tool.	1	1
Score the attributes for GLE 1.3.3 for the multimedia product only.				
	Identify a Solution	States the problem (why Paul is sick) based on	1	1
		sources or notes.	1	1
		States a solution (how Paul can stay healthy at	1	1
		school) based on sources or notes.	1	1
1.3.3		Describes how the solution will solve the problem	1	1
1.3.3	Analyzaa	based on sources or notes.	1	1
	Analyzes Information	Uses the graph to analyze the problem.		
	IIIIOIIIIauoii	For example, "less people got sick because more	1	1
		people started to stay home."		
	Share Learning	Creates a multimedia product.	1	1
TOTA	TOTAL 10		10	9
A Lev	el 3 response (9 -	10 points) exceeds the standards and reflects that a s	tudent	
		edge and ability beyond the requirements for Education		L3
	ology GLEs 1.2.1			

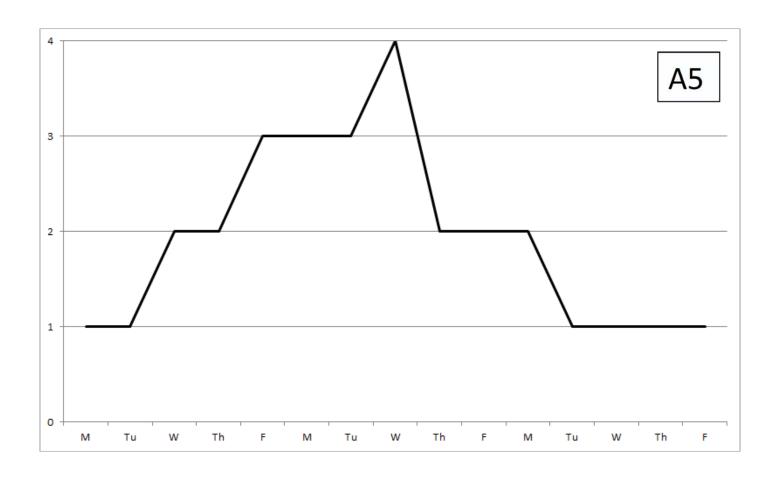
Sources Used in Class

Video from Discovery Education Streaming:

- Math Monsters: Data Collection
- Mathematica's MathShop: Super Gnome—1 segment
- Reading Rainbow: Germs Make Me Sick (http://vimeo.com/groups/wvpt/videos/6240326)
- Germs

Trade Books:

- Lemonade for Sale by Stuart J. Murphy and Tricia Tusa
- The Great Graph Contest by Loreen Leedy



Hello Mrs. Garcia,
This is
from Elementary School.
because Throw why Paulic Sich
I think Paul was sick because <u>Some body who</u>
WassicktoushtheBeak Instuding
germs when paul was s. chemore
people weresich andorse they less
Kids weresich
Paul can stay healthy
by cating sup Drinking Water
washing your handso

Thank You

A5

Grades K - 2 Public Health Assessment for Educational Technology

Discussion

Sample A5 represents work which exceeds the standards. The student uses the available sources, including the class graph, to create a multimedia product which states the problem ("the books had germs and Paul touched them") and a solution ("washing his hands"). Information from the graph is incorporated, along with some reasoning about why the solution would solve the problem. The student states: *There's three more people when Paul was sick*, and then people start taking care of themselves and then they started staying home so less people got sick. This is a very sophisticated inference about the graph and its relationship to the problem.

Transcript of Student Work

Notes:

Hello Mrs. Garcia, This is — from — Elementary School. I am calling because I know why Paul is sick. I think Paul is sick because somebody who was sick touched the book. I'm studying germs. When Paul was sick, three more people were sick and after that, less kids were sick. Paul can stay healthy at school by eating soup, drinking water, and washing your hands. Thank you.

Audio:

This is — from — Elementary School. I am calling because I know why Paul is sick. Somebody who was sick touched the book before Paul did and and then the books had germs and then Paul touched them. There were three more...There's three more people when Paul was sick, and then people start taking care of themselves and then they started staying home so less people got sick. Paul can stay healthy by eating soup, drinking water, washing your hands...washing his hands.

Click the icon below to hear the audio for this student sample.

