# OSPI Child Nutrition Services Reference Sheet

# Hunger-Free Schools Act – House Bill 2660 (2020) – Impact on CEP and State Funding

The Washington State legislature passed the Hunger-Free Schools Act during the 2020 legislative session. The requirements of this new state law became effective starting the 2021–22 school year. The legislation amended RCW 28A.235.290, 28A.150.260, and 28A.405.415.

#### **CEP Requirement**

Beginning in the 2021–-22 School Year, certain Elementary and Middle Schools will be required to operate the USDA Community Eligibility Provision (CEP).

- ✓ Schools that serve students in or below grade 8 and have an Identified Student Percentage (ISP) of 62.5% must operate CEP for each year that the ISP remains above 62.5%.
- ✓ The ISP is calculated as of April 1 each year and is the percentage of Identified Students (students directly certified as eligible for free school meals) divided by the total enrollment of students
- ✓ Schools that provide meals to all students at no cost through an arrangement with a local entity are exempt from this requirement.

## Learning Assistance Program (LAP) Modifications

✓ The Hunger-Free Schools Act also modified the way that Learning Assistance Program funding is calculated for CEP schools and districts. RCW 28A.150.260 (10)(a)

#### ✓ LAP Base Hold Harmless – District Allocation

- Districts are eligible for this alternative calculation if they have at least one school operating CEP.
- When calculating LAP Base funding each year, OSPI will use the greater Free and Reduced-Price Lunch Percentage (FRP) from two data sources. Either;
  - 1. The District FRP from the previous year (standard method), or
  - 2. The District FRP from the year immediately preceding the district's enrollment, in whole or in part, in CEP.



#### Example:

"District A" joined CEP in the 2021–22 School Year. For SY 2022–23 LAP funding allocation OSPI will review both the prior year data *and* data from the year before CEP adoption, SY 2020–21.

The LAP Base Allocation will be based on the *greater* of these two options:

School Year	Existing Law (Use prior year data)	New Option (Continue using pre-CEP data)
<b>SY 2021–22</b> (CEP Year 1)	Data from 2020–21- 57.51%	Data from 2020–21 (Pre-CEP)- 57.51%
<b>SY 2022–23</b> (CEP Year 2)	Data from 2021–22- 40.41%	Data from 2020–21 (Pre-CEP)- 57.51%
<b>SY 2023–24</b> (CEP Year 3)	Data from 2022–23- <i>Unknown</i>	Data from 2020–21 (Pre-CEP)- 57.51%
<b>SY 2024–25</b> (CEP Year 4)	Data from 2023–24- <i>Unknown</i>	Data from 2020–21 (Pre-CEP)- 57.51%

In this instance, OSPI will use the data from 2020–21 (57.51%) as it's greater than the 2021–22 data (40.41%). This practice of comparing and using the greater number will continue each year as long as the district operates CEP in at least one school.

**Note**: If an LEA leaves CEP entirely and then re-joins at a later date, the "year immediately preceding" refers to the year before the latest CEP adoption, not the original adoption.

#### ✓ LAP High Poverty Hold Harmless – School Allocation

• Schools that were eligible for LAP High Poverty in the year immediately before CEP maintain this eligibility as long as the school remains on CEP.

#### Example:

"School A" was eligible for LAP High Poverty funding in School Year 2019–20. The following year they joined CEP. School A maintains LAP High Poverty eligibility as long as they remain on CEP, even if their underlying FRP drops below the threshold for eligibility in the future.

#### **National Board-Certified Teacher Bonus**

✓ Teachers remain eligible for the "High Poverty" bonus if they teach at a school that met the qualifications of a "High Poverty School" in the year immediately preceding the school's participation in CEP.

#### Reference:

- House Bill 2660 (2020)
- RCW 28A.235.290
- RCW 28A.150.260
- RCW 28A.405.415

### **Acronym Reference**

- CEP- Community Eligibility Provision
- CNS- Child Nutrition Services
- FRP- Free and Reduced-Price Lunch Percentage
- ISP- Identified Student Percentage
- LAP- Learning Assistance Program
- NSLP- National School Lunch Program
- OSPI- Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction
- RCW- Revised Code of Washington
- SY- School Year
- USDA- United States Department of Agriculture