## MATHEMATICS DESCRIPTOR LINKS TO GENERAL STANDARDS

The Mathematics Domains and Clusters to which each descriptor is linked are identified in brackets follow each descriptor in the following tables. Use the information below as a key for the abbreviated Domains found in the tables that follow:

A-CED - Create equations that describe numbers or relationships
A-REI - Algebra-Creating Functions and Reasoning with Equations and Inequalities
EE - Expressions and Equations
F - Functions
G - Geometry
G-CO - Geometry-Congruence
MD - Measurement and Data

NBT - Numbers and Operations Base Ten
NF - Numbers and Operations-Fractions
N-RN - Number and Quantity-Real Numbers
NS - The Number System
OA - Operations and Algebraic Thinking
RP - Ratios and Proportions
SP - Statistics and Probability
S-ID - Statistics and Probability-Interpreting Categorical and Quantitative Data

## Mathematics Grade 3

Third grade students performing at a Level Four on the alternate assessment, in addition to Level Three skills:

- Use number of angles or number of sides to describe or identify a figure [G]
- Measure the length of an object to the nearest whole unit [MD]
- Round two-digit numbers $(0-30)$ to the nearest 10 [NBT]
- Identify a unit fraction of a model fraction or use a model to represent a unit fraction [NF]
- Solve one-step real-world problems using addition or subtraction with sums/differences within 20 [OA]

Third grade students performing at a Level Three on the alternate assessment, in addition to Level Two skills:

- Recognize sides or angles in two dimensional shapes [G]
- Identify tools that can be used to measure length [MD]
- Identify numbers between 0 and 30 using base ten models [NBT]
- Recognize whole and parts of two dimensional figures [NF]
- Solve one step real world problems using objects or models to compose or decompose numbers up to 10 [OA]

Third grade students performing at a Level Two on the alternate assessment:

- Identify circles, squares and triangles [G]
- Identify the longest/shortest object when given two objects [MD]
- Identify numbers between 0 and 10 [NBT]
- Recognize a whole and parts in relation to the whole of real-world objects [NF]
- Count (up to 5) to solve real-world problems [OA]

Third grade students performing at a Level One on the alternate assessment:

- Identify numbers 1-5 [NBT]
- Recognize whole objects [NF]
- Count up to 5 [OA]


## Mathematics Grade 4

Fourth grade students performing at a Level Four on the alternate assessment, in addition to Level Three skills:

- Create parallel lines and intersecting lines [G]
- Calculate the perimeter of a rectangle with unit markings (each dimension $\leq 5$ ) [MD]
- Compare whole numbers to 10 using symbols (<,>,=) [NBT]
- Identify or create models that are equivalent to one half (2/4, 3/6,5/10...) [NF]
- Skip count by 2's, 5's or 10 's [OA]


## Fourth grade students performing at a Level Three on the alternate assessment, in addition to Level Two skills:

- Identify parallel and intersecting lines [G]
- Differentiate between area and perimeter [MD]
- Identify models that represent less than, greater than or equal [NBT]
- Identify models of one half and one fourth [NF]
- Identify models that represent the sum of two of the same number [OA]


## Fourth grade students performing at a Level Two on the alternate assessment:

- Differentiate between straight lines and curved lines [G]
- Trace the perimeter of a shape [MD]
- Identify the model that shows more [NBT]
- Identify real world objects that represent one half or one whole [N]
- Identify equal groups [OA]

Fourth grade students performing at a Level One on the alternate assessment:

- Identify a line [G]
- Identify a shape [MD]
- Identify a group [NBT]


## Mathematics Grade 5

## Fifth grade students performing at a Level Four on the alternate assessment, in addition to Level Three skills:

- Sort two dimensional figures using attributes (angles, number of sides) they have in common [G]
- Complete a bar graph, line plot or picture graph when given collected data and graph template [MD]
- Identify a model to solve problems involving divisors and quotients (up to 10) [NBT]
- Use models to solve addition problems involving fractions (halves, thirds, fourths and tenths) with like denominators with a sum less than or equal to 1 . [NF]
- Identify and extend numerical addition and subtraction patterns [OA]

Fifth grade students performing at a Level Three on the alternate assessment, in addition to Level Two skills:

- Identify two-dimensional figures with a common attribute [G]
- Read a picture graph, line plot, and bar graph to answer a simple question [MD]
- Use models and counting to determine the answer to a real-world division problem [NBT]
- Identify models of thirds(1/3....3/3), fourths (1/4.....4/4) and tenths (1/10...10/10) [NF]
- Extend a modeled numerical pattern that involves an addition rule [OA]


## Fifth grade students performing at a Level Two on the alternate assessment:

- Identify the largest/smallest two dimensional figure [G]
- Identify the category in a bar graph or picture graph with the most or least [MD]
- Divide objects (up to 10 ) into equal groups [NBT]
- Identify the model that represents one half, one fourth, and one whole [NF]
- Extend $A B$ shape patterns [OA]

Fifth grade students performing at a Level One on the alternate assessment:

- Identify a two dimensional figure (line versus shape) [G]
- Identify a bar or picture graph [MD]
- Identify equal groups [NBT]
- Identify the model that represents whole or part [NF]


## Mathematics Grade 6

## Sixth grade students performing at a Level Four on the alternate assessment, in addition to Level Three skills:

- Determine the area of a composite figure made up of two rectangles by counting unit squares [G]
- Identify an algebraic equation that represents a one-step real-world problem (where the variable does not represent the sum or difference) [EE]
- Determine the distance from zero to a given point on a number line [NS]
- Generate a ratio based on a model or real-world situation [RP]
- Identify the median of a set of ordered data (with an odd number of data points) [SP]

Sixth grade students performing at a Level Three on the alternate assessment, in addition to Level Two skills:

- Determine the area of a rectangle by counting unit squares [G]
- Identify an algebraic equation that represents a real world addition problem where the variable represents the sum [EE]
- Identify a real-world scale that shows an amount less than zero (e.g. number line, thermometer) [NS]
- Identify a model of a given simple ratio [RP]
- Identify the greatest value and least value of a set of ordered data [SP]


## Sixth grade students performing at a Level Two on the alternate assessment:

- Determine the area of a rectangle with one dimension equal to 1 by counting unit squares (e.g., $\square \square$ ) [G]
- Identify a numerical equation that represents a modeled real-world addition problem [EE]
- Identify a model of zero [NS]
- Identify a model that represents a 1:1 ratio [RP]
- Identify the object that appears most frequently (mode) in a set of ordered data [SP]


## Sixth grade students performing at a Level One on the alternate assessment:

- Identify a rectangle [G]
- Add one more to a group [EE]
- Identify one component of a 1:1 ratio of a given, real-life modeled ratio (ex. shown 1 plate, identify 1 cookie) [RP]
- Identify the group that has more [SP]


## Mathematics Grade 7

## Seventh grade students performing at a Level Four on the alternate assessment, in addition to Level Three skills:

- Find the volume, by counting, of a rectangular prism made up of unit cubes with one dimension equal to one [G]
- Solve one-step algebraic equations involving addition or subtraction (where the variable does not represent the sum or difference) [EE]
- Solve multiplication or division problems (with a product to 100 or a divisor up to 10 without remainders) [NS]
- Identify an equivalent ratio in a model or a real-world situation [RP]
- Determine whether an event is impossible, unlikely, likely, and certain [SP]


## Seventh grade students performing at a Level Three on the alternate assessment, in addition to Level Two skills:

- Determine the area of a rectangle or composite figure made up of rectangles drawn on a grid [G]
- Solve one-step algebraic equations involving addition or subtraction using models (where the variable does not represent the sum or difference) [EE]
- Solve multiplicative word problems involving 2,5 , and 10 [NS]
- Identify a simple ratio of a given, modeled ratio [RP]
- Identify situations that represent equally likely events [SP]


## Seventh grade students performing at a Level Two on the alternate assessment:

- Determine the area of a rectangle using unit squares [G]
- Solve numeric equations involving addition and subtraction using models [EE]
- Identify a model that represents a real-world multiplication problem [NS]
- Identify a 1:2 ratio of a given, modeled ratio [RP]
- Identify events that are impossible or certain [SP]


## Seventh grade students performing at a Level One on the alternate assessment:

- Sort rectangles based on size [G]
- Add one more and/or take one away from the group [EE]
- Determine the larger quantity between two groups [NS]
- Identify one component of a 1:2 ratio of a given, real-life modeled ratio (ex. Show a picture of 1 cup of milk, and 2 cookies) [RP]
- Identify events on a daily schedule [SP]


## Mathematics Grade 8

## Eighth grade students performing at a Level Four on the alternate assessment, in addition to Level Three skills:

- Demonstrate understanding of similar figures drawn on a grid (with rotation) [G]
- Identify a graph given a ratio relationship displayed in a table [EE]
- Describe a relationship between two quantities shown in a scatter plot or line graph [F]
- Use models to compare decimals to the hundredths place [NS]
- Represent given unorganized data by completing a bar graph or picture graph using a template [SP]


## Eighth grade students performing at a Level Three on the alternate assessment, in addition to Level Two skills:

- Identify similar figures on a grid without rotation [G]
- Locate or identify a point in the first quadrant of a coordinate grid [EE]
- Identify a correct statement about a scatter plot or a line graph that shows a relationship between two quantities [F]
- Use models to compare decimals to the tenths place [NS]
- Identify a bar graph or picture graph that represents given unorganized data [SP]

Eighth grade students performing at a Level Two on the alternate assessment:

- Identify similar and congruent circles and squares [G]
- Locate or identify a point on a number line [EE]
- Identify the topic of information represented in a scatter plot or line graph [F]
- Identify the greater decimal using models. [NS]
- Sort given unorganized data into two groups [SP]


## Eighth grade students performing at a Level One on the alternate assessment:

- Match or identify congruent circles and/or squares [G]
- Identify a number line when compared to a non-number line (numbers in random order, a cluster of numbers, etc.) [EE]
- Sort shapes and/or objects into groups [SP]


## High School Mathematics

High School students performing at a Level Four on the alternate assessment, in addition to Level Three skills:

- Write and solve a one-step algebraic equation representing a real-world situation using any operation [A-CED]
- Interpret the meaning of a point on a line graphed in the first quadrant [A-REI]
- Identify corresponding congruent angles in two similar triangles [G-CO]
- Determine the value of a quantity that is squared (with a base $>5$ ) or cubed (with a base $\leq 3$ ) [N-RN]
- Determine the median or the mean from data shown in a frequency table or line plot [S-ID]


## High School students performing at a Level Three on the alternate assessment, in addition to Level Two skills:

- Solve one-step equations involving addition and subtraction representing real-world situations [A-CED]
- Identify the ordered pair of a point plotted in the first quadrant using whole numbers (up to 10) [A-REI]
- Identify corresponding sides in similar rectangles [G-CO]
- Use a model to determine the value of a quantity that is squared (with a base $\leq 5$ ) [N-RN]
- Identify the [total] size of a population from data shown in a bar graph, line plot, or picture graph [S-ID]

High School students performing at a Level Two on the alternate assessment:

- Identify an algebraic equation involving addition and subtraction (up to 20) that represents a real-world situation [A-CED]
- Identify the horizontal quantity and the vertical quantity represented in a graph [A-REI]
- Identify regular figures that are similar [G-CO]
- Identify the model with the greater or lesser value when given two models of squared numbers [N-RN]
- Determine the mode from data shown in a bar graph, line plot, or picture graph [S-ID]


## High School students performing at a Level One on the alternate assessment:

- Identify an algebraic equation involving addition (up to 10) that represents a real-world situation [A-CED]
- Identify a quantity represented on a horizontal line [A-REI]
- Match regular figures that are congruent [G-CO]
- Identify the model with the greater or lesser value when given two models [ $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{RN}$ ]

