CEL 5D+[™] Rubric for Instructional Growth and Teacher Evaluation (2016), version 3 by Washington State Criteria

| Criterion 1: Centering instruction on high expectations for student achievement. | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| P1 Learning target(s) connected to standards | | | | |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 | |
| Lessons are not based on grade level standards or there are no learning targets aligned to the standard or the targets do not change daily. | Lessons are based on grade level standards. The daily learning target(s) align to the standard. | Lessons are based on grade level standards. The daily learning target(s) align to the standard. Students can rephrase the learning target(s) in their own words. | Lessons are based on grade level standards. The daily learning target(s) align to the standard. Students can rephrase the learning target(s) in their own words. Students can explain why the learning target(s) are important. | |
| P4 Communication of | | 1 | Γ | |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 | |
| Teacher rarely states or communicates with students about the learning target(s). | Teacher states the learning target(s) once during the lesson and checks for student understanding of the learning target(s). | Teacher communicates the learning target(s) through verbal and visual strategies and checks for student understanding of the learning target(s). | Teacher communicates the learning target(s) through verbal and visual strategies, checks for student understanding of the learning target(s), and references the target(s) throughout instruction. | |
| P5 Success criteria | Γ | 1 | Γ | |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 The success criteria for the learning target(s) are nonexistent or vague. | Basic – 2 Success criteria are present but may lack alignment to the learning target(s) and/or may not be used by students for learning. | Proficient – 3 Success criteria are present and align to the learning target(s). With prompting from the teacher, students use the success criteria to communicate what they are learning. | Distinguished – 4 Success criteria are present and align to the learning target(s). Students use the success criteria to communicate what they are learning. | |
| CEC2 Learning routines | 5 | | | |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 | |
| Learning routines for discussion and collaborative work are absent. | Learning routines for discussion and collaborative work are present but may not result in effective | Learning routines for discussion and collaborative work are present, and result in effective discourse. | Learning routines for discussion and collaborative work are present, and result in effective discourse. | |



| Criterion 1: Centering instruction on high expectations for student achievement. | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| | discourse. Students are held accountable for completing their work but not for learning. | Students are held accountable for completing their work and for learning. | Students independently use the routines during the lesson. Students are held accountable for completing their work and for learning. Students support the learning of others. |

| Criterion 2: Demonstrating effective teaching practices. | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| SE1 Quality of questioning | | | | |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 | |
| Teacher does not ask questions to probe and deepen student understanding or uncover misconceptions. | Teacher asks questions to probe and deepen student understanding or uncover misconceptions. | Teacher asks questions to probe and deepen student understanding or uncover misconceptions. Teacher assists students in clarifying their thinking with one another. | Teacher asks questions to probe and deepen student understanding or uncover misconceptions. Teacher assists students in clarifying and assessing their thinking with one another. Students question one another to probe for deeper thinking. | |
| SE4 Opportunity and s | upport for participation | and meaning making | | |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 | |
| Teacher does not use engagement strategies and structures that facilitate participation and meaning making by students. Few students have the opportunity to engage in discipline-specific meaning making. | Teacher uses engagement strategies and structures that facilitate participation and meaning making by students. Some students have the opportunity to engage in discipline-specific meaning making. | Teacher sets expectations and provides support for engagement strategies and structures that facilitate participation and meaning making by students. Most students have the opportunity to engage in discipline-specific meaning making. | Teacher sets expectations and provides support for engagement strategies and structures that facilitate participation and meaning making by students. All students have the opportunity to engage in discipline- specific meaning making. Meaning making is often student- led. | |
| SE5 Student talk | • | • | | |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 | |
| Talk is dominated by the teacher and/or student talk is unrelated to the discipline. | Student talk is directed to the teacher. Talk reflects discipline- specific knowledge. Students do not provide evidence for their thinking. | Student talk is a mix of teacher-student and student-to-student. Talk reflects discipline- specific knowledge and ways of thinking. Students provide evidence to support their thinking. | Student talk is predominantly student- to-student. Talk reflects discipline-specific knowledge and ways of thinking. Students provide evidence to support their thinking. Students press on thinking to expand ideas for themselves and others. | |
| CP5 Use of scaffolds | | | | |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 | |

| Criterion 2: Demonstrating effective teaching practices. | | | | |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Teacher does not | Teacher provides | Teacher provides | Teacher provides | |
| provide scaffolds that | scaffolds that are | scaffolds that are | scaffolds that are clearly | |
| are related to or | clearly related to and | clearly related to and | related to and support | |
| support the | support the | support the | the development of the | |
| development of the | development of the | development of the | targeted concepts | |
| targeted concepts | targeted concepts | targeted concepts | and/or skills. Using | |
| and/or skills. If teacher | and/or skills. Using | and/or skills. Using | scaffolds, the teacher | |
| uses scaffolds, he or | scaffolds, the teacher | scaffolds, the teacher | gradually releases | |
| she does not release | gradually releases | gradually releases | responsibility to students | |
| responsibility to | responsibility to | responsibility to | to promote learning and | |
| students. | students to promote | students to promote | independence. Students | |
| | learning and | learning and | expect to be self-reliant. | |
| | independence. | independence. | Students use scaffolds | |
| | | Students expect to be | across tasks with similar | |
| | | self-reliant. | demands. | |

Criterion 3: Recognizing individual student learning needs and developing strategies to address those needs.

| SE2 Ownership of learning | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 | | | |
| Teacher rarely provides | Teacher provides | Teacher provides | Teacher provides | | | |
| opportunities and | opportunities and | opportunities and | opportunities and | | | |
| strategies for students | strategies for students | strategies for students | strategies for students to | | | |
| to take ownership of | to take ownership of | to take ownership of | take ownership of their | | | |
| their learning. | their learning. Most | their learning. Some | learning. Most locus of | | | |
| | locus of control is with | locus of control is with | control is with students | | | |
| | teacher. | students in ways that | in ways that support | | | |
| | | support student | student learning. | | | |
| SE3 Capitalizing on stu | dents' strengths | learning. | | | | |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 | | | |
| Teacher has little | Teacher has knowledge | Teacher capitalizes on | Teacher capitalizes on | | | |
| knowledge of how | of students' strengths | students' strengths | students' strengths | | | |
| students' strengths | (academic background, | (academic background, | (academic background, | | | |
| (academic background, | life experiences and | life experiences and | life experiences and | | | |
| life experiences and | culture/language) and | culture/language) and | culture/language) and | | | |
| culture/language) could | applies this knowledge | applies this knowledge | applies this knowledge | | | |
| be used as an asset for | in limited ways not | in limited ways | in a variety of ways | | | |
| student learning. | connected to the unit | connected to the unit | connected to the unit | | | |
| | goals. | goals. | goals. | | | |
| CP4 Differentiated inst | ruction for students | CP4 Differentiated instruction for students | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 | | | |
| Teacher does not use | Teacher uses one | Teacher uses multiple | Teacher uses multiple | | | |
| Teacher does not use strategies that | Teacher uses one strategy – such as time, | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, | | | |
| Teacher does not use strategies that differentiate for | Teacher uses one strategy – such as time, space, structure or | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and | | | |
| Teacher does not use strategies that differentiate for individual learning | Teacher uses one strategy – such as time, space, structure or materials – to | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to | | | |
| Teacher does not use strategies that differentiate for | Teacher uses one strategy – such as time, space, structure or materials – to differentiate for | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for | | | |
| Teacher does not use strategies that differentiate for individual learning | Teacher uses one strategy – such as time, space, structure or materials – to differentiate for individual learning | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning | | | |
| Teacher does not use strategies that differentiate for individual learning | Teacher uses one strategy – such as time, space, structure or materials – to differentiate for | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. | | | |
| Teacher does not use strategies that differentiate for individual learning | Teacher uses one strategy – such as time, space, structure or materials – to differentiate for individual learning | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Teacher provides | | | |
| Teacher does not use strategies that differentiate for individual learning | Teacher uses one strategy – such as time, space, structure or materials – to differentiate for individual learning | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Teacher provides targeted and flexible | | | |
| Teacher does not use strategies that differentiate for individual learning | Teacher uses one strategy – such as time, space, structure or materials – to differentiate for individual learning | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Teacher provides targeted and flexible supports within the | | | |
| Teacher does not use strategies that differentiate for individual learning | Teacher uses one strategy – such as time, space, structure or materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Teacher provides targeted and flexible | | | |
| Teacher does not use strategies that differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. | Teacher uses one strategy – such as time, space, structure or materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Teacher provides targeted and flexible supports within the strategies. Distinguished – 4 | | | |
| Teacher does not use strategies that differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. A4 Teacher use of form Unsatisfactory – 1 Teacher does not use | Teacher uses one strategy – such as time, space, structure or materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Proficient – 3 Teacher uses formative | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Teacher provides targeted and flexible supports within the strategies. Distinguished – 4 Teacher uses formative | | | |
| Teacher does not use strategies that differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. A4 Teacher use of form Unsatisfactory – 1 Teacher does not use formative assessments | Teacher uses one strategy – such as time, space, structure or materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. ative assessments Basic – 2 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Proficient – 3 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Teacher provides targeted and flexible supports within the strategies. Distinguished – 4 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify | | | |
| Teacher does not use strategies that differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. A4 Teacher use of form Unsatisfactory – 1 Teacher does not use formative assessments to modify future | Teacher uses one strategy – such as time, space, structure or materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. ative assessments Basic – 2 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify future lessons or makes | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Proficient – 3 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify future lessons, makes | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Teacher provides targeted and flexible supports within the strategies. Distinguished – 4 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify future lessons, makes in- | | | |
| Teacher does not use strategies that differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. A4 Teacher use of form Unsatisfactory – 1 Teacher does not use formative assessments to modify future lessons, make | Teacher uses one strategy – such as time, space, structure or materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Teacher uses formative assessments to modify future lessons or makes in-the-moment | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Proficient – 3 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify future lessons, makes in-the-moment | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Teacher provides targeted and flexible supports within the strategies. Distinguished – 4 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify future lessons, makes in- the-moment | | | |
| Teacher does not use strategies that differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. A4 Teacher use of form Unsatisfactory – 1 Teacher does not use formative assessments to modify future lessons, make instructional | Teacher uses one strategy – such as time, space, structure or materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Basic – 2 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify future lessons or makes in-the-moment instructional | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Proficient – 3 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify future lessons, makes in-the-moment instructional | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Teacher provides targeted and flexible supports within the strategies. Distinguished – 4 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify future lessons, makes in- the-moment instructional | | | |
| Teacher does not use strategies that differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs.A4 Teacher use of form Unsatisfactory – 1Teacher does not use formative assessments to modify future lessons, make instructional adjustments, or give | Teacher uses one strategy – such as time, space, structure or materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Basic – 2 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify future lessons or makes in-the-moment instructional adjustments based on | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Proficient – 3 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify future lessons, makes in-the-moment instructional adjustments based on | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Teacher provides targeted and flexible supports within the strategies. Distinguished – 4 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify future lessons, makes in- the-moment instructional adjustments based on | | | |
| Teacher does not use strategies that differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. A4 Teacher use of form Unsatisfactory – 1 Teacher does not use formative assessments to modify future lessons, make instructional | Teacher uses one strategy – such as time, space, structure or materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Basic – 2 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify future lessons or makes in-the-moment instructional | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Proficient – 3 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify future lessons, makes in-the-moment instructional adjustments based on student understanding, | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Teacher provides targeted and flexible supports within the strategies. Distinguished – 4 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify future lessons, makes in- the-moment instructional adjustments based on student understanding, | | | |
| Teacher does not use strategies that differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. A4 Teacher use of form Unsatisfactory – 1 Teacher does not use formative assessments to modify future lessons, make instructional adjustments, or give | Teacher uses one strategy – such as time, space, structure or materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Basic – 2 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify future lessons or makes in-the-moment instructional adjustments based on | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Proficient – 3 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify future lessons, makes in-the-moment instructional adjustments based on | Teacher uses multiple strategies – such as time, space, structure and materials – to differentiate for individual learning strengths and needs. Teacher provides targeted and flexible supports within the strategies. Distinguished – 4 Teacher uses formative assessments to modify future lessons, makes in- the-moment instructional adjustments based on | | | |

| Criterion 3: Recognizing individual student learning needs and developing strategies to address those needs. | | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| | | feedback aligned with the learning target(s). | the learning target(s) to individual students. |

| Student Growth 3.1: E | Student Growth 3.1: Establish Student Growth Goal(s) | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 | |
| The teacher does not | The teacher develops a | The teacher develops a | The teacher develops a | |
| develop a student | student growth goal for | student growth goal for | student growth goal for | |
| growth goal for a group | a group of students | a group of students, | a group of students, | |
| of students within a | within a class who are | within a class, who are | within a class, who are | |
| class who are not yet | not yet reaching full | not yet reaching full | not yet reaching full | |
| reaching full learning | learning potential. | learning potential. | learning potential. | |
| potential. | | | | |
| | The teacher explains | The teacher explains | The teacher explains | |
| OR | how the knowledge of | how the knowledge of | how the knowledge of | |
| | students informed the | individual students | individual students | |
| The teacher does not | goal for the students as | informed the goal in | informed the goal in | |
| explain how the | a group, but not as | specific ways. | specific ways. | |
| knowledge of | individuals. | | | |
| individual students | | The goal addresses an | The goal addresses an | |
| informed the goal. | The goal addresses an | essential standard for | essential standard for | |
| | essential standard for | the teacher's content | the teacher's content | |
| The goal does not | the teacher's content | and grade level. | and grade level. | |
| address an essential | and grade level. | | | |
| standard for the | | The goal requires | The goal requires | |
| teacher's content and | The goal requires | students' cognitive | students' cognitive and | |
| grade level. | students' cognitive | and emotional | emotional | |
| | and emotional | engagement. | engagement. | |
| The goal does not | engagement. | | | |
| require students' | | The teacher seeks and | The teacher seeks and | |
| cognitive or | The teacher | considers, when | considers, when | |
| emotional | communicates the goal | provided, input from | provided, input from | |
| engagement. | to students' families. | students' families in | students' families in | |
| | | developing the goal. | developing the goal. | |
| The teacher does not | | | | |
| communicate with | | | The teacher explains to | |
| students' families about | | | supervisor how the goal | |
| the goal. | | | yields opportunities for | |
| | | | leadership or for | |
| | | | collaboration with | |
| | | | colleagues to advance | |
| | | | their own or their | |
| | | | collective professional | |
| | | | learning. | |

| | clear and intentional f | ocus on subject matte | r content and |
|---|---|--|---|
| curriculum. | | | |
| P2 Lessons connected | to previous and future le | essons, broader purpose | and transferable skill |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 |
| Lessons are rarely linked to previous and future lessons. | Lessons are clearly linked to previous and future lessons. | Lessons are clearly linked to previous and future lessons. Lessons link to a broader purpose or a transferable skill. | Lessons are clearly linked to previous and future lessons. Lessons link to a broader purpose or a transferable skill. Students can explain how lessons build on each other in a logical progression. |
| CP1 Alianment of instr | uctional materials and ta | isks | |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 |
| Instructional materials and tasks do not align with the purpose of the unit and lesson. | Instructional materials and tasks align with the purpose of the unit and lesson. | Instructional materials and tasks align with the purpose of the unit and lesson. Teacher makes intentional decisions about materials to support student learning of content and transferable skills. | Instructional materials and tasks align with the purpose of the unit and lesson. Teacher makes intentional decisions about materials to support student learning of content and transferable skills. Materials and tasks align with students' levels of challenge. |
| CP2 Teacher knowledg | e of content | | |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 |
| Teacher demonstrates a lack of knowledge of discipline-based concepts and habits of thinking by making content errors. | Teacher demonstrates an understanding of how discipline-based concepts and habits of thinking relate to one another or build upon one another within a unit. | Teacher demonstrates an understanding of how discipline-based concepts and habits of thinking relate to one another or build upon one another over the course of an academic year. | Teacher demonstrates ar understanding of how discipline-based concepts and habits of thinking relate to one another or build upon one another over the course of an academic year as well as in previous and future years. |
| CP3 Discipline-specific | teaching approaches | | |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 |
| Teacher rarely uses discipline-specific teaching approaches and strategies that develop students' conceptual | Teacher uses discipline- specific teaching approaches and strategies that develop students' conceptual understanding and | Teacher uses discipline- specific teaching approaches and strategies that develop students' conceptual understanding and | Teacher uses discipline- specific teaching approaches and strategies that develop students' conceptual understanding and |

| Criterion 4: Providing clear and intentional focus on subject matter content and | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| curriculum. | | | |
| understanding and discipline-specific habits of thinking. | discipline-specific habits of thinking at one or two points within a unit. | discipline-specific habits of thinking throughout the unit, but not daily. | discipline-specific habits of thinking on a daily basis. |
| P3 Design of performa Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 |
| Performance tasks do not require a demonstration of thinking connected to the learning target. | Performance tasks require a demonstration of thinking connected to the learning target. | Performance tasks require a demonstration of thinking connected to the learning target. Performance tasks require application of discipline-specific concepts or skills. | Performance tasks require a demonstration of thinking connected to the learning target. Performance tasks require application of discipline-specific concepts or skills. Students are able to use prior learnings/understandings to engage in new performance tasks. |

| Criterion 5: Fostering and managing a safe, positive learning environment. | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| CEC1 Classroom arrangement and resources | | | | |
| Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 | | |
| The physical environment is safe. The resources, materials and technology in the classroom relate to the content or current unit and are accessible to all students. | The physical environment is safe. The resources, materials and technology in the classroom relate to the content or current unit and are accessible to all students. The arrangement of the room supports and scaffolds student learning and the purpose of the lesson. | The physical environment is safe. The resources, materials and technology in the classroom relate to the content or current unit and are accessible to all students. The arrangement of the room supports and scaffolds student learning and the purpose of the lesson. Students use resources and the arrangement of | | |
| | | the room for learning. | | |
| | | | | |
| Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 Instructional time is | | |
| is lost through inefficient transitions or management routines. Teacher responds to student misbehavior with uneven results. | maximized in service of learning through efficient transitions, management routines and positive student discipline. Student misbehavior is rare. | maximized in service of learning through efficient transitions, management routines and positive student discipline. Students manage themselves, assist each other in managing behavior, or exhibit no misbehavior. | | |
| | | Distinguished – 4 | | |
| Teacher demonstrates positive teacher- student relationships that foster students' well-being. Patterns of interaction between teacher and students and among students may send messages that some students' contributions are more | Teacher and students demonstrate positive teacher-student and student-student relationships that foster students' well-being and develop their identity as learners. Patterns of interaction between teacher and students and among | Teacher and students demonstrate positive teacher-student and student-student relationships that foster students' well-being and develop their identity as learners. Patterns of interaction between teacher and students and among students | | |
| | ement and resources Basic – 2 The physical environment is safe. The resources, materials and technology in the classroom relate to the content or current unit and are accessible to all students. Teacher suble to all students. Teacher Antional time is lost through inefficient transitions or management routines. Teacher responds to student misbehavior with uneven results. Teacher responds to student misbehavior with uneven results. Teacher sudents student relationships that foster students' well-being. Patterns of interaction between teacher and students and among students may send messages that some students' | ement and resourcesBasic – 2Proficient – 3The physicalenvironment is safe.The resources, materialsand technology in theclassroom relate to thecontent or current unitand are accessible to allstudents. Thearrangement of theroom supports andscaffolds studentlearning and thepurpose of the lesson.scaffolds studentlearning and thepurpose of the lesson.meInstructional timeslost throughInstructional time isis lost throughInstructional time isstudent misbehaviormanagement routines.reacher responds toInstructional time isstudent misbehaviorand positive studentwith uneven results.Teacher and studentspositive teacher-Soder and studentspositive teacherstudent and studentspositive teacherstudent and studentswell-being. Patterns ofrelationships that fosterstudent relationshipstadent-studentthat foster students'and develop theirand among students'identity as learners.may send messagesPatterns of interactionthat some students'between teacher and | | |

| Criterion 5: Fostering and managing a safe, positive learning environment. | | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| | | | creates opportunities for student status to be elevated. |
| CEC5 Norms for learning | ng | | - |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 |
| Classroom norms are not evident and/or do not address risk-taking, collaboration, respect for divergent thinking or students' cultures. | Classroom norms are evident but result in uneven patterns of interaction that do not encourage risk-taking, collaboration, respect for divergent thinking and students' cultures. | Classroom norms are evident and result in patterns of interaction that encourage risk- taking, collaboration, respect for divergent thinking and students' cultures. | Classroom norms are evident and result in patterns of interaction that encourage risk- taking, collaboration, respect for divergent thinking and students' cultures. Students self- monitor or remind one another of the norms. |

Criterion 6: Using multiple student data elements to modify instruction and improve student learning. A1 Student self-assessment

| A1 Student self-assessment | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 | |
| Teacher does not | Teacher provides an | Teacher provides an | Teacher provides an | |
| provide an opportunity | opportunity for | opportunity for | opportunity for students | |
| for students to assess | students to assess their | students to assess their | to assess their own | |
| their own learning in | own learning in relation | own learning in relation | learning in relation to | |
| relation to the success | to the success criteria | to the success criteria | the success criteria for | |
| criteria for the learning | for the learning | for the learning | the learning target(s) in | |
| target(s). | target(s) in ways that | target(s) in ways that | ways that deepen | |
| | may not deepen | deepen student | student understanding | |
| | student understanding | understanding of | of progress toward the | |
| | of progress toward the | progress toward the | target(s). Students use | |
| | target(s). | target(s). | success criteria for | |
| A2 Chudenture of form | | tine e | improvement. | |
| | native assessments over | | Distinguished 4 | |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 | |
| Students do not use formative assessments | Students use formative | Students use formative | Students use formative assessments at least two | |
| | assessments at least | assessments at least | | |
| to assess their own | two to three times per | two to three times per | to three times per | |
| learning. | year/course to assess | year/course and use formative assessments | year/course and use formative assessments | |
| | their own learning, determine learning | within a unit or two to | within each unit to | |
| | goals, and monitor | assess their own | assess their own | |
| | progress over time. | learning, determine | learning, determine | |
| | progress over time. | learning goals, and | learning goals, and | |
| | | monitor progress over | monitor progress over | |
| | | time. | time. | |
| A3 Quality of formative | e assessment methods | | | |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 | |
| Assessment tasks are | Assessment tasks allow | Assessment tasks allow | Assessment tasks allow | |
| not aligned with the | students to | students to | students to demonstrate | |
| learning target(s). | demonstrate learning. | demonstrate learning. | learning. The quality of | |
| | The quality of the | The quality of the | the assessment methods | |
| | assessment methods | assessment methods | provides comprehensive | |
| | provides no | provides limited | information about | |
| | information about | information about | student thinking and | |
| | student thinking and | student thinking and | needs. | |
| | needs. | needs. | | |
| | <mark>for formative assessmen</mark> | | 1 | |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 | |
| Teacher does not have | Teacher has an | Teacher has an | Teacher has an | |
| routines for recording | observable system and | observable system and | observable system and | |
| formative assessment | routines for recording | routines for recording | routines for recording | |
| data. | formative assessment | formative assessment | formative assessment | |
| | data but does not use | data and periodically | data and uses the | |
| | | uses the system to | system to inform day-to- | |

| Criterion 6: Using multiple student data elements to modify instruction and improve student learning. | | | |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | the system to inform instructional practice. | inform instructional practice. | day instructional practice. |

| Student Growth 6.1: Establish Student Growth Goal(s) | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 |
| The teacher does not develop a student | The teacher develops a student growth goal for | The teacher develops a student growth goal for | The teacher develops a student growth goal for |
| growth goal. | students in one grade level or class. | students in one grade level or class. | students in one grade level or class. |
| OR | level or class. | level of class. | level of class. |
| | The teacher uses a | The teacher uses | The teacher uses |
| The teacher does not | single data element to | multiple data elements | multiple data elements |
| explain how the | explain how the | to explain how the | to explain how the |
| knowledge of | knowledge of | knowledge of | knowledge of students |
| students informed the goal. | students informed the goal. | students informed the goal. | informed the goal. |
| | | | The goal addresses an |
| The goal does not | The goal addresses an | The goal addresses an | essential standard for |
| address an essential | essential standard for | essential standard for | the teacher's content |
| standard for the | the teacher's content | the teacher's content | and grade level. |
| teacher's content and | and grade level. | and grade level. | - , , , |
| grade level. | The second second second | | The goal requires |
| The goal deer not | The goal requires students' cognitive | The goal requires students' cognitive | students' cognitive and emotional |
| The goal does not require students' | and emotional | and emotional | engagement. |
| cognitive or | engagement. | engagement. | engagement. |
| emotional | engagement. | chydychient. | The teacher explains to |
| engagement. | | | supervisor how the goal |
| | | | yields opportunities for |
| | | | leadership or for |
| | | | collaboration with |
| | | | colleagues to advance |
| | | | their own or their |
| | | | collective professional |
| | | | learning. |

| Student Growth 6.2: A | Achievement of Student | : Growth Goal(s) | |
|--|--|---|---|
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 |
| The teacher provides | The teacher provides | The teacher provides | The teacher provides |
| evidence of student | evidence of student | evidence of student | evidence of student |
| progress on the stated | progress on the stated | progress on the stated | progress on the stated |
| learning goal from only | learning goal, which | learning goal, which | learning goal, which |
| summative | includes both | includes both formative | includes both formative |
| assessments. | formative and | and summative | and summative |
| | summative | assessments. | assessments. |
| There is no evidence of | assessments. | | |
| student engagement | | There is evidence of | There is evidence of |
| in assessment of their | There is limited | student engagement in | student engagement in |
| own progress. | evidence of student | assessment and student | assessment and student |
| | engagement in | monitoring of their own | monitoring of their own |
| There is no evidence of | assessment of their | progress. | progress. |
| opportunities for | own progress. | | |
| students to share | | There is evidence of | There is evidence of |
| feedback on how they | There is limited or no | opportunities for | opportunities for |
| experienced the | evidence of | students to share | students to share |
| learning. | opportunities for | feedback on how they | feedback on how they |
| | students to share | experienced the | experienced the |
| The teacher does not | feedback on how | learning. | learning. |
| provide evidence of | they experienced the | | |
| taking responsibility for | learning. | The teacher reflects with | The teacher reflects with |
| student learning | T I , I (I , | supervisor on the | supervisor on the |
| progress. | The teacher reflects | learning progress for | learning progress for |
| - | with supervisor on | three groups of | three groups of |
| The teacher does not | student learning | students: Students who | students: Students who |
| identify the next steps for instruction OR the | progress generally. The reflection may be | exceeded the learning goal | exceeded the learning goal |
| next steps are uninformed by | missing an analysis of why students did or | met or nearly met the learning goal | met or nearly met the learning goal |
| information about | did not make | did not yet meet the | did not yet meet the |
| students' progress. | progress, and/or next | learning goal | learning goal |
| 1 5 | steps for groups of | 55 | 55 |
| | students or individuals. | The reflection includes | The teacher uses |
| | | analysis of why students | information from |
| | The teacher's | did or did not make | student progress and |
| | identified next steps | progress, and next steps | students' experience of |
| | for instruction are | for each group. | learning to: |
| | uninformed by student | i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i | Guide their next steps |
| | progress and students' | The teacher uses | for instruction, and |
| | experience of learning. | information from | Effect changes in |
| | | student progress and | instructional practice |
| | | students' experience of | or professional |
| | | learning to guide their | learning beyond their |
| | | next steps for | own classroom or |
| | | instruction. | context. |

| Criterion 7: Communicating and collaborating with parents and the school community. | | | |
|---|--|---|---|
| PCC2 Communication and collaboration with parents and guardians | | | |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 |
| Teacher rarely communicates in any manner with parents and guardians about student progress. | Teacher communicates with all parents and guardians about goals of instruction and student progress, but usually relies on one method for communication or requires support or reminders. | Teacher communicates with all parents and guardians about goals of instruction and student progress using multiple tools to communicate in a timely and positive manner. Teacher considers the language needs of parents and guardians. | Teacher communicates with all parents and guardians about goals of instruction and student progress using multiple tools to communicate in a timely and positive manner. Teacher considers the language needs of parents and guardians. Teacher effectively engages in two-way forms of communication and is responsive to parent and guardian insights. |
| PCC3 Communication | within the school commu | unity about student proc | |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 |
| Teacher maintains student records. Teacher rarely communicates student progress information to relevant individuals within the school community. | Teacher maintains student records. Teacher communicates student progress information to relevant individuals within the school community; however, performance data may have minor flaws or be narrowly defined (e.g., test scores only). | Teacher maintains accurate and systematic student records. Teacher communicates student progress information – including both successes and challenges – to relevant individuals within the school community in a timely, accurate and organized manner. | Teacher maintains accurate and systematic student records. Teacher communicates student progress information – including both successes and challenges – to relevant individuals within the school community in a timely, accurate and organized manner. Teacher and student communicate accurately and positively about student successes and challenges. |

Criterion 8: Exhibiting collaborative and collegial practices focused on improving instructional practice and student learning. PCC1 Collaboration with peers and administrators to improve student learning

| PCC1 Collaboration with peers and administrators to improve student learning | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 |
| Teacher rarely collaborates with peers or engages in inquiry for the purpose of improving instructional practice or student learning. | Teacher collaborates and engages in inquiry with peers and administrators for the purpose of improving instructional practice and student learning. Teacher provides minimal contributions. | Teacher collaborates and engages in inquiry with peers and administrators for the purpose of improving instructional practice and student learning. Teacher contributes to collaborative work. | Teacher collaborates and engages in inquiry with peers and administrators for the purpose of improving instructional practice, and student and teacher learning. Teacher occasionally leads collaborative work and/or teacher serves as a mentor for others' growth and development. |
| PCC4 Support of schoo | | cula, policies and initiativ | /es |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 |
| Teacher is unaware of or does not support school, district or state initiatives. Teacher violates a district policy or rarely follows district curricula/pacing guide. | Teacher supports and has an understanding of school, district and state initiatives. Teacher follows district policies and implements district curricula/pacing guide. | Teacher supports and has an understanding of school, district and state initiatives. Teacher follows district policies and implements district curricula/pacing guide. Teacher makes pacing adjustments as appropriate to meet whole-group needs without compromising an aligned curriculum. | Teacher supports and looks for opportunities to take on leadership roles in developing and implementing school, district and state initiatives. Teacher follows district policies and implements district curricula/pacing guide. Teacher makes pacing adjustments as appropriate to meet whole-group and individual needs without compromising an aligned curriculum. |
| PCC5 Ethics and advoca | , | | |
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 |
| Teacher's professional role toward adults and students is unfriendly or demeaning, crosses ethical boundaries, or is unprofessional. | Teacher's professional role toward adults and students is friendly, ethical and professional and supports learning for all students, including the historically underserved. | Teacher's professional role toward adults and students is friendly, ethical and professional and supports learning for all students, including the historically underserved. Teacher advocates for fair and | Teacher's professional role toward adults and students is friendly, ethical and professional and supports learning for all students, including the historically underserved. Teacher advocates for fair and equitable practices for all |

| Criterion 8: Exhibiting collaborative and collegial practices focused on improving instructional practice and student learning. | | | |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| | | equitable practices for all students. | students. Teacher challenges adult attitudes and practices that may be harmful or demeaning to students. |

| Student Growth 8.1: Establish Student Growth Goal(s) | | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| Unsatisfactory – 1 | Basic – 2 | Proficient – 3 | Distinguished – 4 |
| The teacher does not collaboratively develop the student growth goal. OR Collaboration does not yield a goal that: | The teacher collaborates with other grade, school, or district team members to develop the student growth goal. The team uses a single data element to explain | The teacher collaborates with other grade, school, or district team members to develop the student growth goal. The team uses multiple data elements to | The teacher collaborates with other grade, school, or district team members to develop the student growth goal. The team uses multiple data elements to explain how knowledge of |
| Is informed by knowledge of students | how knowledge of students informed the goal. | explain how knowledge of students informed the | students informed the goal. |
| Addresses an essential standard for the teacher's content and grade level Require cognitive or emotional engagement The teacher | The goal addresses an essential standard for the teacher's content and grade level. (Goal may not necessarily be the same for all team members.) The goal requires | goal. The goal addresses an essential standard for the teacher's content and grade level. (Goal may not necessarily be the same for all team members.) | The goal addresses an essential standard for the teacher's content and grade level. (Goal may not necessarily be the same for all team members.) The goal requires students' cognitive and |
| undermines team's ability to make and implement team decisions and/or does not follow through with team decisions regarding instruction and assessment. | students' cognitive and emotional engagement. | The goal requires students' cognitive and emotional engagement . The teacher follows through with team decisions regarding instruction and assessment. | emotional engagement. The teacher follows through with team decisions regarding instruction and assessment. The teacher helps develop other team members' capacity to be effective. |