Student Discipline Task Force 10/17/2013

Non-Compliance/Disobedience/Defiance				
Definitions	Like	Dislike/Change	Notes	
1. Flagrantly, purposefully, or repeatedly failing to				
comply with or follow the instructions of teachers or				
other school staff. Evidence must show that this				
affected the ability of the staff member to establish				
or maintain order, or that this behavior had a real				
and substantial relationship to the operation of the				
school.				
2. Failure to follow reasonable requests and				
directions of school staff.				
3. Refusal to follow directions, talking back and/or				
socially rude interactions.				

Classroom Interruption/Disruptive Conduct				
Definitions	Like	Dislike/Change	Notes	
1. Flagrantly and substantially interfering with teaching or learning in the classroom, school activities or extracurricular activities.				
2. Willful disobedience or disruptive conduct which materially or substantially interferes with the educational process including causing an incident which affects the school attendance of other students. A student shall not by use of noise, coercion, threat, intimidation, disrespectful action (including gestures), passive resistance, gang activity				
including hand signals, or any other conduct intentionally cause the substantial and material disruption or obstruction of any lawful mission, process or function of school.				
3. A student shall not intentionally cause a substantial and material disruption of any school operations.				

Dress Code				
Definitions	Like	Dislike/Change	Notes	
1. Students are to observe modesty, appropriateness and neatness in clothing and personal appearance. Students may express individuality in their dress and grooming within reasonable bounds. Students are not appropriately dressed or groomed if their appearance causes a disruptive influence either to themselves or to others while in the pursuit of the educational process or if their appearance presents a health or safety problem.				

Dress Code	
2. Student dress shall be conducive to the educational environment. A health or safety hazard shall not be presented by the student's dress or appearance; damage to school property shall not result from the student's dress; the student's dress or appearance shall not create material and substantial disruption of the educational process at the school. Student dress shall not be gang-related, nor may it promote illegal activity or activity that violates school regulations.	

Definitions	Like	Dislike/Change	Notes
1. If a student injures or defaces property belonging to a school, contractor, employee or another student, the student, if suspended, may not be readmitted until payment is made in full.			
2. A student shall not intentionally or with gross carelessness damage school or private property.			
3. Student participates in an activity that results in substantial destruction or disfigurement of property.			

Use of Electronic Devices			
Definitions	Like	Dislike/Change	Notes
1. Students are not to bring electronic devices such			
as radios, tape or cd players, i-Pods or MP3 players,			
headphones, televisions, or laser pointers to school			
unless receiving prior approval from school			
administration. The loss or theft of such items			
brought to school will not be investigated by school			
personnel. Students are discouraged from bringing			
any type of electronic communication devices to			
school such as beepers, pagers, or cellular			
telephones. Possessions of such devices will not			
constitute a violation, however, should one of these			
devices buzz, beep, ring or cause any other			
substantial disruption or interference within the			
classroom or learning environment, the device will			
be confiscated and the following sequential			
consequences will be imposed.			
2. Electronic devices (including, but not limited to,			
beepers, cell phones, pagers, laptops and			
personal technology devices) may only be used in			
the classroom with the permission of the teachers			
or as provided for in an IEP or			
accommodation plan. Use of such devices during			
class, such as using the cell phone, checking/sending			
e-mail, playing games and surfing the Web, are			
considered disruptive activities and may result in the			
device being confiscated. Teachers and			
administrators may open and access such equipment			
as necessary to the extent necessary to			
investigate a reasonable suspicion that a violation of			
school rules has occurred.			

Use of Electronic Devices			
3. Student engages in inappropriate (as defined by school) use of cell phone, pager, music/video players, camera and/or computers.			

Theft/Possession of Stolen Property				
Definitions	Like	Dislike/Change	Notes	
1. A student shall not steal school property or personal property, nor shall a student be in possession of stolen school property or stolen personal property.				
2. Student is in possession of, having possessed or being responsible for removing someone else's property.				
3. Taking another's property by force or threat of force. Stealing school district property or the property of a staff member, student or school visitor.				

Academic Dishonesty/ Plagiarism Definitions	Like	Dislike/Change	Notes	
	LIKE	Disirke/Change	Notes	
. Cheating, or copying the work of other persons, or				
curning in another person's papers, projects,				
computer programs, etc., as your own.				
Students are not to plagiarize (physically or				
electronically) by using another person's ideas in				
words, artwork, computations, projects, models, etc.				
and indicated it as their own; use notes, texts,				
electronic devices, or memory aids during tests when				
instructed otherwise, steal or knowingly use test				
master copies or teacher answer keys to get				
information before or during a test; or knowingly use				
test master copies or teacher answer keys to get				
information before or during a test; or knowingly				
allow another person to use their work as if it were				
the other person's work.				
3. Any student who knowingly submits work of				
others represented as his/her own shall be				
considered to have cheated. Cheating also includes				
the aiding and abetting of cheating by others.				

Vulgar or Lewd Conduct				
Definitions	Like	Dislike/Change	Notes	
1. Racial, ethnic or religious slurs and profane, vulgar, or lewd language is not allowed.				
2. Any lewd, indecent or obscene act or expression is prohibited.				
3. Student delivers verbal messages that include swearing, name calling or use of words in an inappropriate way.				

Forgery /Alteration of Records				
Definitions	Like	Dislike/Change	Notes	
1. A student who falsifies, alters, destroys a school record or any communication between home and school shall be subject to corrective action.				
2. A student who has signed a person's name without the person's permission.				

Extortion/Blackmail & Coercion			
Definitions	Like	Dislike/Change	Notes
1. A student shall not extort anything of value,			
threaten injury or attempt to cause physical injury or			
intentionally behave in such a way as could			
reasonably be expected to cause physical injury to			
any person.			

Extortion/Blackmail & Coercion		
2. A student shall not extort or attempt to extort any item, information or money.		
3. A student shall not extort or attempt to extort any item, information or money.		

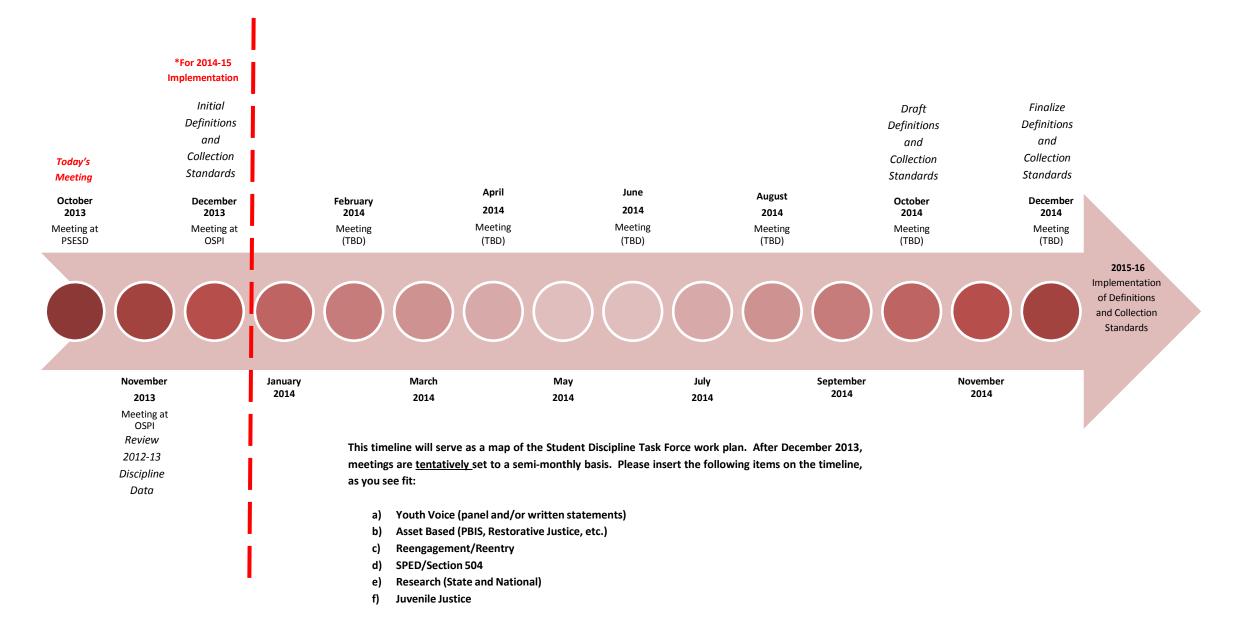
Hazing			
Definitions	Like	Dislike/Change	Notes
1. Initiating or harassing another student with meaningless, difficult, dangerous or humiliating tasks			
through unsafe and illegal behaviors that cause, or are likely to cause, physical injury or endangerment.			
2. A student shall not participate in or fail to report known activity that demeans, abuses, or violates members or potential members of a team or club individuals.			

Definitions	Like	Dislike/Change	Notes	
1. Communicating credible focused threats of violence or harm to an individual or group of individuals, directly or indirectly, whether by physical, verbal, written, telephone, or electronic actions which cause the other person to believe that				
his or her life, safety, or property is in danger. It is not necessary that the threat be communicated to the intended victim.				

Threats of Violence		
2. A student shall not extort anything of value,		
threaten injury or attempt to cause physical injury or		
intentionally behave in such a way as could		
reasonably be expected to cause physical injury to		
any person.		
3. To express an intent to inflict injury or cause		
harm, to intimidate verbally, by use of hand signs, in		
writing or on a computer or other electronic device.		
Words or actions intended to inflict mental or		
physical harm are not allowed.		

Multiple/ Accumulated Offenses			
Definitions	Like	Dislike/Change	Notes
1. A student may be disciplined for the commission of multiple or accumulated offenses.			
2. If, in the principal's discretion, multiple behavior offenses have occurred during a school year, a student may receive a consequence for multiple offenses.			

Student Discipline Task Force Timeline



Scenario 1:

Paul is 9th grader at Clinton High School. For the past three weeks in his Introduction to Chemistry class, he has refused to follow directions and safety protocols during laboratory experiments. Paul has played with the lighters for the Bunsen burners, disconnected the hose from the gas source while the burner was lit and dribbled weak acids and bases on the lab station, stools and floor. His teacher, Mr. Gonzales, has provided verbal redirects asking Paul to follow the lab safety procedures, has moved him and his partner to the lab station near the teacher demonstration table so that he could watch him more closely and has also kept him after to class to have a discussion with him about his behavior choices. During that discussion, Mr. Gonzales told Paul he was worried about his safety and the safety of his classmates. He also indicated that if Paul had one more safety issue in class that he was going to write him up to the principal. Paul agrees to be safer in class. During the fourth week, Mr. Gonzales observes Paul eat ph test strips and try to put them on his eyes and in his nose.

What do you know about the behavior incident?

What do you need to know?

Scenario 2:

Malia is a Samoan 4th grader at Kennedy Elementary School in north Seattle. She is has an IEP for a reading learning disability and has been receiving accommodations in a general education classroom for two years. Since 4th grade has started, she has been having trouble with other content areas including math, science and social studies. She doesn't follow the agenda and directions written on the board or shown with the document camera. Additionally, when her teacher Ms. Goldstein asks her to get to work or to complete an assignment, Malia aggressively says no, throws her work or slams her head against her desk. When she slammed her head on her desk, Ms. Goldstein put her hand on her shoulder and bent over to tell her that she was going to hurt herself and she was worried about her. As she leaned over, Malia starting punching and squirming and hit Ms. Goldstein in the eye. By the end of the day, Ms. Goldstein had developed a black eye and conferenced with the principal, deciding to give Malia a short term suspension for defiance and hitting.

What do you know about the behavior incident?

What do you need to know?

Scenario 3:

Jeremy is a senior in high school at Roosevelt High School in Spokane. He has waist length hair that he wears either in a ponytail or in a low braid down his back. He is a Catholic who wears a rosary to school every day. As a musician, Jeremy has diverse musical tastes including jazz, hip hop and classic rock. He has started wearing baggy clothing and more jewelry at school. His principal, Mr. Purdue, has been noticing Jeremy's changing appearance and is concerned that Jeremy has joined a gang. Mr. Purdue asks Jeremy to stop wearing "hip hop clothes" and to dress the way he used to, which was usually in athletic clothing. Jeremy tells him that what he wears is none of his business and that he isn't doing anything wrong.

What do you know about the behavior incident?

What do you need to know?

Scenario 4:

Elena is a 7th grader at Carter Middle School in Bellingham. She is new to the school and has changed schools 5 times since kindergarten. She has had some trouble making new friends at Carter, since most of the students have been in school together for a long time. During the passing period between 2nd and 3rd period, another student pushed her and Elena pushed them back. A teacher saw her pushing and wrote her up for a one day in school suspension for violence. A month later, Elena is accused of threatening a group of girls through a note found inside of her desk. Her parents have a conference with her principal and discuss her social issues with a particular group of girls and her difficulty making new friends.

Elena feels like she is being teased constantly by the group of girls and they keep trying to embarrass her in front of other students. She has talked to one of her teachers, Ms. Roberts, and confided that she feels like there is nothing that can be done to get the girls to leave her along aside from fighting with them.

What do you know about the behavior incident?

What do you need to know?

Discipline Data

Discipline Task Force Meeting October 17, 2013

Tim Stensager, Director of Data Governance Division of Assessment and Student Information Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction

Data Governance Structure and Timeline

Discipline Task Force ESSB 5946 Charge

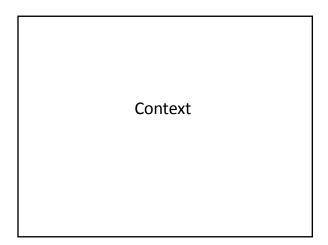
Expand Interventions

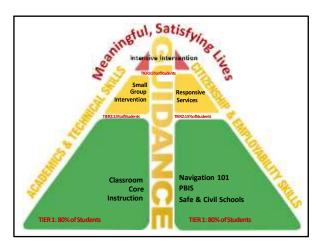
- Capture Emergency Expulsion (EE) ✓ Must always capture EE even if converted to suspension, expulsion or rescinded Capture Interim Alternative Education Settings
- Capture No Interventions applied Capture Other Interventions applied

Expand Variables

Capture Educational Services Provided Capture Status of Petitions for Re-admission Capture Credit Retrieval During Suspension/Expulsion Capture Dropout as a Result of Suspension

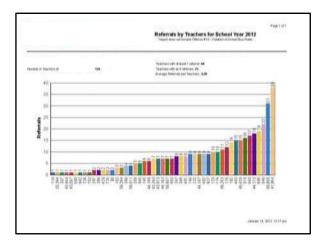
NEW - Expand Behavior





Office Discipline Referrals

Difference between classroom management and classroom discipline





Big Data

Detecting valuable insights from analytics

How to Filter

• Select a Program or Select Race

OR

 Select a Race AND turn on/off a program (i.e. select white and select no on free and reduced lunch)

