



Health Education K-12 Learning Standards Definitions and Requirements

The most recent [Washington State K–12 Learning Standards for Health and Physical Education](#) were adopted by State Superintendent Randy Dorn in March 2016. The broad wording of the standards give school districts flexibility when selecting curricula. But the standards writers also wanted to give more specific guidance to teachers, including suggested outcomes for each grade. Below are terms and definitions used in the standards, as well as any applicable state laws.

**This table is intended to support the [FAQ](#).*

Term	Definition	Examples	Required?
Standard	What all students should know and be able to do in a specific content area. Also referred to as “Essential Academic Learning Requirements (EALRs).” The new standards contain eight standards.	Students will demonstrate the ability to use decision-making skills to enhance health (Standard 5)	Yes. Basic education is defined by state law (Revised Code of Washington 28A.150.210). The Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction develops the state's learning standards (RCW 28A.655.070).
Core Idea	Typical units of study in a Health Education course. The new standards contain six core ideas, which organize outcomes related to the eight learning standards.	Wellness Nutrition Social/Emotional Health Sexual Health Safety	No.
Topic	Add specificity to each standard and fall into one of six core ideas. The new standards contain 36 topics.	Nutritional planning Hygiene Self-identity Stress management	Only a few are required: HIV/AIDS and STD prevention for students in grades 5-12 (RCW 28A.230.070); mental health and suicide prevention (RCW 28A.230.095), and CPR and AED instruction for high school students (RCW 28A.230.179).
			No other topics are required.



Term	Definition	Examples	Required?
Grade-level Outcome	Examples of student learning, for grades K through 12, designed to enable students to reach competency in one or more standards.	Within the topic of injury prevention, an outcome for kindergarten students is: "Identify safety hazards in the home." An outcome for high school students is: "Describe how to prevent occupational injuries."	No.
Curriculum/ Instructional Materials	Materials and resources chosen to support the implementation of state learning standards. OSPI does not recommend or require the use of any specific curriculum.	Textbooks DVDs Handouts Worksheets Programs	No. But state laws exist for district selection of instructional materials (RCW 28A.320.230). Also of note are regulations and guidelines to eliminate discrimination (RCW 28A.640.020) and the elimination of bias in instructional materials (WAC 392-190.055).

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For more information

- The 2016 [Washington State K–12 Learning Standards for Health and Physical Education](#)
- [Frequently asked questions](#) about standards
- [Health and Physical Education in Washington state](#)

